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CITY ITEMS.

Dr. J. W. SYKES,
Resident Specialist.
No. 191 Penn St., Pittsb'gh, Pa.

Devotes his attention *exclusively* to *Chronic Diseases*, especially those of the Throat and Lungs, and those which may produce or accompany Lung Disease; the most frequent of which, are affections of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels Spleen, Kidneys, Heart Diseases, Scrofula and Skin Diseases, Female Complaints, and other ailments which vitiate the blood, and cause debility.

The *System of Treatment* pursued by Dr. Sykes includes the use of Medicated Inhalations, together with Tonic and Cleansing Medicines of unsurpassed efficacy, conjoined with Hygienic Measures and Mechanical Remedies, of inestimable value.

This treatment restores the strength, cleanses the blood, removes irritation from diseased organs, and is often blessed in the recovery of cases deemed hopeless.

ASTHMA CURED.

PITTSBURGH, PA., No. 204 LIBERTY ST., March 16th, 1866.

DR. J. W. SYKES—*Dear Sir*—In October, 1864, I consulted you for severe Asthma and Bronchitis, which I had from childhood. The Phthisic was so severe at times that I could only get my breath at night by sitting up, having windows and doors opened. I was also much troubled with Dyspepsia. Three months before consulting you, I was so much reduced that my family physician said I could not live six months. As I am of a consumptive family, and was so much reduced you did not speak very confidently of my recovery, but thought I might be benefitted and my life prolonged—I placed myself under your care and improved rapidly till my health was entirely restored, and I have since remained entirely well of my old ailments, and in good health every way. Yours, respectfully,

MARY E. MCCANDLESS.

Persons wishing to consult me by letter may address, DR. J. W. SYKES,
191 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

New Arrival

Of canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 312 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEORGE BEAVEN.

Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Bon Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Dragee Drops, &c., &c.

The Best Conducted Restaurant

In the city, is the Continental Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice. Mr. Holtzheimer, the enterprising proprietor, knows how to cater to the hungry public, and has long stood first in the opinion of epicures. All the delicacies of the season are served up at the shortest notice at most reasonable prices. For a good meal, call at the Continental. The daily bill of fare surpasses any offered at the best hotels.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MACK & CO. New York
Sold by all druggists. MW

Ladies' Saloon.

The Ladies' Saloon attached to Holtzheimer's restaurant is the most convenient and fitting place in the city to take your partner for supper from evening sociables or balls. The Saloon is on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

To Country Merchants.

We are offering full of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at Eastern prices.

J. W. BARKER & CO., No. 59 Market street,

Sole Proprietors

Of McClelland & Co's. Rat Destroyer.
KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Patent Medicines.

Patent Medicines for sale by
KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Pure Liberty Lead.

For sale by KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Artificial Human Eyes,

Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 254 Penn street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

For the best White Lead in the city. 84 Market street.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,

No. 84 Market street, for Fluxseed Oil and Turpentine.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

The Peabody banquet at Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York, on Friday night last, to General and Mrs. Grant, and the Trustees of the Southern Educational Fund, was a grand affair. Mr. Peabody occupied the centre of the north table, with Admiral Farragut on his left and Mrs. Grant on his right. General Grant, Mrs. Farragut and Robert Winthrop were the *vis-a-vis* of Mr. Peabody, Admiral Farragut and Mrs. General Grant. Among the guests were Governor Aiken, of South Carolina; Governor Graham, of North Carolina; General Anderson; Governor Clifford; Bishop McIlvaine; Robert Winthrop; Governor Fish; Mr. Astor; A. T. Stewart; Mr. Bancroft, and the wives of a number of these, besides other ladies, were present. Mr. Peabody made a short speech, and gave "Our Country, Our Whole Country, Its Chief Magistrate, Its Congress, Its Army and Navy, and the Commanders of them both, who are with us here this evening." He was interrupted here by applause and by the band playing national airs, when after their conclusion he added: "The country in which I have long lived and prospered, and its honored and beloved Queen." Speeches were made by Robert Winthrop, Geo. Bancroft and others. Resolutions were adopted expressive of gratitude to Mr. Peabody for his princely donation.

The Winter Garden Theatre, New York, took fire on Saturday morning, the flames communicating to the Tremont House and Southern Hotel, adjoining, belonging to the Lafarge establishment. Edwin Booth and James S. Clarke were the lessees, the former having just concluded a highly successful engagement as Shylock. He lost his entire wardrobe, valued at from $60,000 to $100,000. It includes many family jewels some of which belonged to his father. He was not insured. Loss on theatre effects about $60,000. The damage to the Southern Hotel is estimated at $15,000.

Inhabitants of Alabama living a distance from the railroad, it is stated, are dying of starvation, and unless relief reaches them the whole range of counties in the Sand Mountain section will be depopulated. The recent floods destroyed over 3,000 bushels of corn and a large amount of food, sent by the New York Relief Association to the sufferers.

The extent of the failure of Robinson & Ogden, of New York, is exaggerated, the amount of liabilities being stated at $2,000,000. The firm had not been dealers in Government securities to any extent for more than a year, and their losses are reported as arising from speculative transactions in stocks and gold. It is the belief that their losses will not exceed $200,000.

The first number of a new paper, called the *Telegraph Journal*, has made its appearance in New York.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM EUROPE.

The Confederation Against Prussia.

ARTEMUS WARD'S WILL.

Fenian Movements in Ireland.

THE FEELING DYING OUT.

ARREST OF SEMI-AMERICANS ALVISED.

[*By the Cable.*]

QUEENSTOWN, March 23.—The steamer Manhattan, from New York, has arrived.

THE CONFEDERATION AGAINST PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 23.—There is bitter feeling in France over the alleged treaty between Prussia, Bavaria and Baden, and it is believed that the efforts of Napoleon to form a confederation against Prussia are traceable to this cause.

BRUSSELS, March 23.—It is officially announced that King Leopold will not enter into the proposed confederation with France, Holland and Switzerland.

CANDIA AND GREECE.

VIENNA, March 23.—The Sublime Porte refused the proposition relative to Candia and Greece.

THE FRENCH FORGER.

LONDON, Sunday, March 24.—The Government has published the correspondence between the English and French Cabinets in regard to the alleged extradition from Canada of the French forger, Lamirande, and the subsequent demand made by England for his surrender.

FENIAN TRIALS.

DUBLIN, Sunday, March 24.—The trial of Fenian prisoners for high treason will commence on the 9th of April next, in this city.

STEAMERS ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, March, 24.—The Cunard steamship Asia, from Boston on the 13th, touched here this morning and sailed for Liverpool.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 24.—The steamship Western Metropolis, which sailed from New York on the 7th, arrived here to-day, and after landing her English mail and passengers, proceeded on their voyage to Bremen.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, March 23—5-20 bonds closed at 78.

PARIS, March 23.—*Evening.*—United States bonds, 84¾.

LONDON, March 23.—Consols closed at 91 for money; 5-20s, 74½; Illinois Central, 78½ to 79. 80.

LIVERPOOL, March 23.—Cotton closes quiet, at 12⅝@14d for middling uplands; sales of 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs unchanged. Canada. Provision market inactive. Pork firm. Lard 59s 6d. Spirits Turpentine, 37s3d for common; 39s 6d for Scotch Pitch. Linseed, 60s for Iron, 67s 6d for Scotch Pig.

[BY STEAMER.]

NEW YORK, March 23.—**The steamer Australasian brings advices to the 10th inst. from Queenstown to the 10th inst. The Fenian movement was dying. Wherever the Fenians appeared they were promptly faced by troops and constabulary, and at once dispersed.**

The London *Times* urges the arrest of every semi-American who may be found up eading treason among the people.

The Pall Mall *Gazette* says: This outbreak justifies all the apprehensions expressed in this journal three weeks ago, namely, that in a country like Ireland 5,000 or 6,000 rebels divided into different bands, and acting on a plan like the Polish insurrection, may harrass and fatigue five times that number of troops, and keep the country in a state of war for almost an indefinite time.

The Cork *Examiner*, of the 9th, says: The insurrection which on Thursday seemed all but suppressed, has, in one direction, begun to assume a serious aspect. In Limerick and Tipperary the Fenians have been permitted to assemble in large bodies, and the slopes of Gatlis were yesterday occupied by the insurgent force, believed to muster several thousand. It is not anticipated their temerity will go to the length of risking an encounter with the troops. They have no means of carrying on offensive warfare, and an attack on the force which occupies the line of railway would simply result in slaughter upon the Insurgents.

So far from being able to assume the offensive, the rebels could not make opposition in the mountains for long against a determined attempt to dislodge them; but the fact of men being collected, however imperfectly armed or trained, is of serious amount to danger, and the existence of this force will, we fear, keep alive the movement in other places where it was dying out. But we do not for a moment doubt, that for even if no attempt should be made to disperse the insurgents, their entire want of supplies will render it impossible to hold together long. Rumors, however, are current that we have not seen the worst of the insurrection. Throughout yesterday a sense of insecurity widely prevailed, not only in this county, but in Waterford and Kerry, which hitherto had remained comparatively tranquil. Every one who can possibly quit the country districts is coming for security into towns. It is impossible to say what may not occur, for we are dealing with a movement that will be judged by the rules of ordinary common sense; but after the experience of the past few days, after the uninterrupted assertion that has been by the insurgents wherever they have come in contact with the police or soldiers, even under the most favorable circumstances, we can hardly imagine how same men could continue to delude themselves with the hope of future success. Much of the panic that prevails is, we will not say unreasonable, but unfounded. The entire north of Ireland and west of Ireland remains tranquil. In this county the movement has ceased to be formidable, Kerry and Waterford are tranquil, and the only points at which danger exists is where the Fenians are collected in the neighborhood of Galtis and where the military force in their front is amply sufficient for any emergency.

The remains of Artemus Ward have been temporarily placed in the vault at Kansal Green Cemetery, London, whence, in accordance with his desire, they will be conveyed to America. For nine days before his death he was quite insensible. By his will he gives the bulk of his property to his mother, and his love for children is shown by the extraordinary number of legacies to persons of tender age. The property bequeathed to his mother is at her death to revert in trust to Horace Greeley, to be applied to the formation of an asylum for aged and decayed printers.

The Second Military District—Gen. Sickles' Order Assuming Command.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 23.—General Sickles publishes to-morrow an order assuming the command of the second district. The order says: In execution of my duties as Commanding General, to maintain the security of the inhabitants in their persons and property, to suppress insurrections, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, local tribunals will be permitted to take jurisdiction of and try offenders, excepting only such as may, by order of the commanding general, be referred to commission or other military tribunal for trial. Civil officers are hereby authorized to continue the exercise of their proper functions, and will be respected and obeyed by the inhabitants. Whenever any civil officer, magistrate or Courts neglect or refuse to perform an official act properly required of such tribunal or officer, whereby due and rightful security to person or property shall be endangered, the case shall be reported by post commanders to these headquarters. Post commanders will cause to be arrested persons charged with the commission of crimes and offenses, and when civil authorities fail to arrest and bring such offenders to trial, will hold the accused in custody for trial by a military commission, provost court, or other tribunal organized pursuant to order from these headquarters. Arrests by military authority will be reported promptly. Charges preferred will be accompanied by the evidence on which they are founded. The commanding General, desiring to preserve tranquility and order by means and agencies most congenial to the people, solicits the zealous and cordial co-operation of the civil officers in the discharge of their duties, and the aid of all good citizens in preventing conduct tending to disturb the peace, or to the end that occasion may seldom arise for the exercise of military authority in the matters of ordinary civil administration.

The commanding General earnestly commends to the people and the authorities of North and South Carolina unreserved obedience to the authority now established, and the diligent consideration and impartial execution of the laws enacted for their good government.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

President's Veto of the Supplemental Reconstruction Bill.

IT IS PASSED OVER THE VETO.

New York Custom House Frauds.

THE QUESTION OF ADJOURNMENT.

WASHINGTON, March 23, 1867.

SENATE.

REGISTRY OF CHILDREN.

Mr. HARLAN reported a joint resolution providing for the registry of children in the District of Columbia between six and eighteen years of age, also of the number of schools and teachers, to be reported to the next Congress. Passed.

SALE OF VESSELS TO BELLIGERENTS.

The Senate refused Mr. CHANDLER'S request to take up the bill authorizing the sale of ships to any foreign government at peace with the United States, if the transaction is purely commercial.

MISSISSIPPI LEVEES.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a joint resolution directing the Secretary of War to cause an examination of the levees of the Mississippi river from the mouth of the Ohio to the Gulf of Mexico, cost of repairs or reconstruction, &c. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

CULTURE OF FOREST TREES.

Mr. COLE introduced a bill to promote forest tree culture on the plains. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

THE MINT LAWS.

Mr. CONNESS introdnced a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate any information he may have relative to any proposed change in the mint laws of the United States on the subject of restoring gold and silver, and public policies incident thereto. Adopted.

CLAIMS OF COLORED TROOPS.

Mr. WILSON called up the bill in relation to the collection of money due to colored soldiers, sailors and marines. It provides that all check and treasury certificates due colored soldiers or sailors, or their legal representatives, now residing in any State in which slavery existed in 1860, shall be paid to the Commissioner of the Freemen's Bureau, who is made responsible for the custody and delivery to the proper persons.

Mr. SHERMAN offered an amendment, which was agreed to, that all money held and disbursed under the act shall be held and disbursed under the laws regulating the disbursing officers of the army. The bill passed.

TELEGRAPH RIGHT OF WAY.

Mr. RAMSEY called up the bill to grant to the American Telegraph Company of New York the right of way and privilege to buy land and operate a submarine telegraph cable on the Atlantic coast of the United States and to establish telegraphic communication between the United States and Europe by way of Bermuda and Azores islands. Passed.

ELECTIVE FRANCHISE BILL.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill providing that there shall be no longer any political franchise to any male citizen of the United States by any State on account of color, race, or previous condition, anything in the Constitution or laws to the contrary notwithstanding. Ordered to be printed.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTY BILL.

Mr. WILSON'S introduced a bill providing that the provisions of the bill of July 28th, 1866, relating to additional bounties to enlisted soldiers, &c., shall be construed to be drafted men, seamen of the navy, and marines entitled for corresponding periods. Referred to the Military Committee.

INDIAN TRUST FUNDS.

Mr. THAYER introduced a Joint Resolution prohibiting the payment of the principal or interest of any public money or funds held in trust for any Indian tribe for such purposes, unless specially authorized thereto by treaty stipulation. Referred to Committee on Indian Affairs.

CONCURRENCE WITH THE HOUSE.

The Senate concurred in the House amendments to the bill exempting from importation duty works of art for presentation, &c.

NEW YORK CUSTOM HOUSE TESTIMONY.

The testimony taken by the Committee of the Louse on the New York Custom House frauds and transmitted to the Senate, affecting certain members of this body, was ordered to be printed.

Messrs. PATTERSON and DOOLITTLE defended themselves from the charges made against them.

Mr. HOWE expressed the belief that the charges against his colleague were without foundation and of a most unjust character.

After considerable debate the testimony was referred to the Judiciary Committee, who were instructed to prosecute the investigation and send for persons and papers.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO.

On motion of Mr. TRUMBULL, the Senate proceeded to consider the message vetoing the reconstruction bill and the President's veto thereon.

The vote resulted: Yeas, 29; nays, 7, namely, Messrs. Buckalew, Davis, Dixon, Doolittle, Norton, Patterson, (Tennessee,) Saulsbury.

So the bill having received two-thirds of the votes of those present, was passed.

ADJOURNMENT RESOLUTION.

Mr. TRUMBULL offered a concurrent resolution that the two Houses adjourn on Tuesday next, at noon, to the first Monday of December next.

Mr. DRAKE moved to amend by inserting, instead of "first Monday in December," "Tuesday, 15th of October." The amendment was rejected—19 against 28.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vt., moved to amend by inserting "first Monday of November." Rejected—18 against 27.

Mr. SUMNER moved as an amendment to adjourn till June then, unless otherwise ordered, till December. Lost—14 against 31.

Mr. CHANDLER moved an executive session. Lost.

Mr. YATES opposed the resolution.

After further debate the resolution was adopted—29 against 16.

The Senate then adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

Mr. MOORE introduced a resolution to increase the force of the Patent office, authorizing additional examiners when necessary, to the number of fifteen for each class, and a solicitor of the Patent office. Passed.

CONCURRENCE WITH THE SENATE.

The Senate amendment to the House joint resolution, providing that importation duty free for objects of art imported for presentation to the Government, State Governments or Municipal Corporations, was concurred in.

PRESIDENT'S VETO OF THE SUPPLEMENTARY RECONSTRUCTION BILL.

Colonel Moore, the President's private Secretary, appeared and delivered the veto message on the supplementary reconstruction bill. The message was then read.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, moved the previous question, which was seconded, and the House proceeded to vote on the question "shall the bill be passed, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding?" The vote resulted—Yeas, 138; nays, 51. So the bill was passed and sent to the Senate.

THE QUESTION OF ADJOURNMENT—THE IMPEACHMENT MATTER.

Mr. BLAINE offered a concurrent resolution that when the House adjourn next Tuesday it be to November 11.

A debate followed, in the course of which Mr. BLAINE said: "It is settled that on any showing, and no matter how unbody-like action is conceded to be, and whatever he may have done, the people do not believe it worth while to upturn the foundations of the Government by using the extraordinary spectacle here of getting him out of office in that way."

Mr. LYNCH said: Within the last two weeks one of the largest meetings ever held in the interior of Pennsylvania was held in Scranton, which passed resolutions for impeachment. He believed the people expected the House to examine into the matter whether there was just cause to impeach Andrew Johnson. He intimated that Mr. Blaine had not entertained his previous views against impeachment, until after the election of the present presiding officer of the Senate, and referred to the remark of Mr. Blaine, that he preferred the present Executive to Benjamin Franklin Wade. He thought the latter would have the shilly-shally ways of the senator from Ohio (Mr. Wade) introduced into the position.

Mr. BLAINE denied having made the statement, though he admitted having expressed a preference for Mr. Fessenden in case of the removal of the present incumbent.

Mr. RIDGE expressed anxiety for the adjournment. He understood the gentleman to wish Congress to remain in session to impeach the President because he made removals on political grounds, while the Senate were rejecting appointments for the same reason.

A discussion occurred, which at one moment threatened to be unpleasant between Messrs. Eldridge and Garfield, in reference to the latter's statement that he obtained information in regard to the President's anxiety for adjournment from a gentleman on the Democratic side. This idea Mr. Garfield subsequently explained so as to assure any that he became aware of that feeling just as he was aware from the light that it was day.

Mr. BOUTWELL expressed the wish that Mr. Blaine's resolution should lay over till Tuesday or Wednesday.

Mr. WILSON, of Illinois, favored the resolution of adjournment, that the Judiciary Committee might have time to investigate the impeachment matter more thoroughly.

After further debate, Mr. BENJAMIN moved to table the resolution. Negatived —29 against 75.

The previous question was then seconded, and the House, without disposing of the subject, adjourned.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

WASHINGTON.

The President's Last Veto.

REBEL SENATOR FROM ARKANSAS.

He Will Appeal to Supreme Court.

THE CHOLERA IN IRELAND.

The Trial of Surratt Delayed.

WASHINGTON, March 23, 1867.

THE LAST VETO.

The President's veto message of the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill was read in the House immediately after it was received. The President objects, generally, to the provisions of the bill, and especially to those relating to registry, no person being permitted to vote whose name is not recorded. He says as the preliminaries to holding conventions are un'er martial law, and conducted by commanding officers, and as there is no appeal from the registry, those in control of it may so act as to prevent the election of such delegates as may faithfully present the wishes and sentiments of the States in the Conventions to be called to frame new constitutions. No consideration could induce him to give his approval to such an election law. He speaks of the reconstruction bill and this supplementary one as establishing under martial law military coercion, and as working political disfranchisement. He then refers to the remarks of Daniel Webster against military governments founded on force, and mock elections, and takes occasion to reiterate his views heretofore expressed in relation to the restoration of the Union, expressing the hope that eventually all the States will be admitted to enjoy their rights under the Constitution.

AN EX-REBEL SENATOR.

A. H. Garland, ex-member of the Confederate Congress, has arrived at Washington. He is one of the Senators elect from Arkansas. As it is certain any application he may make for admission to the Senate will be rejected, it is understood he intends carrying the matter before the Supreme Court.

SURRATT'S TRIAL.

Surratt will not probably be tried before the next term of the Court in June. The prisoner is confined at Fort Lodge, with a force of 200 killed and many wounded. Two other divisions undertook to avenge this defeat but found themselves hemmed in, meeting with much heavier losses than those suffered by Sas. Pamero quickly continued his retreat to form a junction with Mitre.

The *Herald's* Buenos Ayres correspondence, dated 24th ult., says nothing was transpiring beyond an occasional bombardment of Curupaity by the Paraguayans and some picket firing along the line. Reinforcements continue to leave Rio Janeiro. Two steamers with Argentine troops had been stopped on board, and exploded and quite a number of lives were lost. An Argentine steamer had been run down by a Brazilian steamer. The rebellion was nearly suppressed. United States intervention was talked of, but not generally expected.

A conspiracy to murder the members of the government in Buenos Ayers had been discovered and conspirators seized.

St. Domingo advices to the 10th instant state that the Baez party had been crushed, and the republic was quiet.

The proposed treaty with the United States for the use of Samana is likely to elicit a spirited debate in Congress.

FROM DELAWARE.

Adjournment of the Legislature—Constitutional Amendments Rejected—Impeachment—Impartial Suffrage Movement.

WILMINGTON, March 23.—The Delaware Legislature adjourned last evening.

Among the important legislation is the passage of a bill to equalize punishment, regardless of color, the rejection of the Constitutional Amendment, and the passage of the amendatory school law.

There is a strong feeling among the Republicans of this State in favor of impartial suffrage, and a movement has been inaugurated in favor of it.

The *Commercial* of this city contains an editorial article strongly urging the gift of the ballot to the colored citizens of Delaware.

The Fenian Congress and the Proposed Canadian Raid.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The Fenian Senate continued in session the greater part of to-day, and will probably not adjourn before Tuesday. Nothing positive transpired regarding the deliberations, but it is well understood that preparations for the coming Canadian campaign occupied the principal part of attention. As yet, nothing has been accomplished looking to the consolidation of the two sections of the organization.

Three American ships had lately took fire at Valparaiso and burnt to the water's edge. The George Raines, February 9th, the Flora McDonald and George the Fifth, February 10th. It is suspected they were fired by the crews.

The Acting President Prefect Juansho Diaz was shot in Panama, on the 16th, by a drunken quartermaster Major. The wound was a serious one.

The steamer Rimo, formerly the R. R. Cuyler, has been purchased by Garrison, of New York. This is the vessel seized here on suspicion of being a Chilian privateer.

Much excitement existed in Sagua, Cuba, on the 12th inst., between President Mosquera and the Congress, the latter refusing to acknowledge the loans made by the former.

Advices from Sydney to January 30th, and Wellington, Febru ry 6th, had reached Panama.

The ship William Cole, from San Francisco, had arrived at Sydney. The harvest was over, and the yield of cereals was larger than ever before known. Large quantities are being exported, and the market offers no inducement to shippers in Chili or California.

The aborigines in New Zealand are giving much trouble.

Chili advices state that Peru has never thoroughly settled on the basis proposed by the mediating powers.

The latest advices respecting the Argentine revolution are to the effect that Lopez, under Felipe Saa, after a bloody engagement lasting two hours, was defeated by Mitre, losing 1,500 killed and 2,000 wounded. Two other divisions undertook to avenge this defeat but found themselves hemmed in, meeting with much heavier losses than those suffered by Saa. Pamero quickly continued his retreat to form a junction with Mitre.

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FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

American Ships Burned—President Prefect at Panama Shot—Excitement in Bogota—The Argentine Revolution—A Bloody Engagement—Conspiracy at Buenos Ayres.

NEW YORK, March 24.—By the Rising Star we have Panama advices to the 13th.

Three American ships had lately took fire at Valparaiso and burnt to the water's edge. The George Raines, February 9th, the Flora McDonald and George the Fifth, February 10th. It is suspected they were fired by the crews.

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The proposed treaty with the United States for the use of Samana is likely to elicit a spirited debate in Congress.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

Judgment Day in Court—The Case of Jacob Baltzell—A Batch of Thieves Sentenced—Woods Run Perjury Case—A Proposed Exile.

In the Criminal Court, Saturday, Judges Sterrett and Mellon on the bench, after the transaction of other usual business, a number of individuals were sentenced for offending the law, as follows:

THE CASE OF JACOB BALTZELL.

The GAZETTE readers must be familiar with the main features of the case of Jacob Baltzell, the principal actor in a scene of blood enacted in Allegheny a short time since; but in noting the judgment of the Court we will be pardoned for further reference to it, especially as in the final disposition at least some explanation is afforded concerning the conduct of the would-be murderer, hitherto by some considered inexplicable. On the evening of the 31 of January last Baltzell came to the city, from Wheeling, his place of residence, went to the house of the parents of his wife, in the second ward, Allegheny city, and there attempted to kill his wife, and her father and mother. He found his wife sick a-bed, in a room in the second story, and after having some words with her (there being no third party present at the time) drew from his breast a navy revolver, which he discharged at her as she fled from him toward the door of the room, and firing a second shot as she leaped down the stairway into her father's arms. He followed after, and meeting her father, Henry Streng, fired a third shot at him, and a fourth at his mother-in-law. His wife was severely wounded in the shoulder, and fell later on the left side, narrowly escaping with his life. The mother escaped injury. After passing out of the house Baltzell returned, ransacking for his wife, but failed to find her, having in the confusion created concealed herself in a closet. Baltzell was captured at a great distance from the house, with the murderous weapon in his possession. Week before last he was arraigned for trial on two indictments for felonious shooting, in attempting to kill his wife and father-in-law, and put in the plea of "not guilty;" but after the testimony of his wife and Mr. and Mrs. Streng had been given, that plea was withdrawn and the plea of guilty entered. Baltzell having been brought into Court for sentence, Mr. Swartzwelder, Esq., his counsel, expressed a desire to call some witnesses to show the character of the prisoner's mind upon leaving Wheeling on the day of the shooting, and also to read some testimonials as to his character and standing in the community where lived. A sister and brother-in-law testified that Baltzell was much troubled in mind concerning his wife and the action of her parents in preventing him getting possession of his child. Both also testified that persons were present when the case was on trial who would have testified that Baltzell was laboring under the influence of liquor on the day he left Wheeling for Pittsburgh, and that he had expressed himself as being troubled about his wife. Letters from different parties were read, giving the prisoner the highest character, the writers having known him from boyhood, while in Wheeling, and some who had served in the 2d Virginia veteran regiment. Among the papers presented was a petition, addressed to Judge Sterrett, and signed by fifty officers and citizens of Wheeling, praying for leniency in behalf of Baltzell, who was referred to in highly complimentary terms. Mr. Swartzwelder feelingly and eloquently referred to the peculiar features of the case. The plea of guilty had been entered for the sake of mercy, but in pleading it did not follow that Baltzell admitted a cool-blooded, murderous intent in firing upon his wife. The law did not so construe

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1867.

THE RELIGIOUS REVIVAL OF 1857.

For more than two months a religious awakening of unusual power and interest has been progressing in these cities. It commenced during the week of prayer, early in January, and has been acquiring breadth and intensity ever since. During that week the meetings in the several churches were fuller than common, and a profound spiritual interest was manifested among church members. Instances of hopeful conversion soon occurred and then multiplied. Daily meetings have been held in quite a number of congregations, and while some abatements of zeal have been experienced in one or more assemblies, on the whole, the attendance is much larger now than at any former period, and the exercises are marked with more fervor and power.

To a better comprehension of the case, we state that several of the pastors of the two cities joined in a call for two Union Prayer Meetings, as a suitable preparation for the "Week of Prayer," which is now quite generally observed throughout the Protestant world, commencing with the first Sabbath of each year. These Union Meetings were held in the Second Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Dr. HOWARD'S,) on Thursday and Friday evenings, January 3d and 4th, and were largely attended.

The following Sabbath, the first of the year, a number of clergymen, by agreement, preached from the text, "My son, give me thine heart," and this opened the "Week of Prayer." Services were held in nearly all the churches, and they were unusually solemn and impressive.

In the Third Presbyterian Church, (the Rev. HERRICK JOHNSON'S,) the interest was marked and decisive. A deep seriousness characterized the evening meetings, and Christians seemed to be stirred to unwonted earnestness in prayer, and unwonted activity in effort. Marked and special cases of interest occurred in immediate connection with these opening services of the year. Those long indifferent to religious truth were made to feel its power, and some were led to a radical change of heart and life.

The meetings have been continued in this Church every evening, except Saturday, of each week, from the opening week in January until now. The interest has deepened and widened, extending with especial power among young men, some forty or fifty of whom have been led to an open confession of Christ.

The young men of the Third Church have been particularly active, nobly supporting their pastor. The Monday evening meeting of each week has always been conducted by some one of them, the pastor taking his seat with the people.

There have been unusual demonstrations of grace and power in connection with this series of meetings. Strong men have been bowed to tears. Careless and reckless young men have been transformed. Christians have been greatly moved and blessed.

As one result of these services in connection with the Third Church alone, upwards of eighty individuals have been led to profess faith in Christ.

The organization of the "Young Men's Christian Association" arose out of the pressing necessity for a place of resort for young men at evening—a place that would be attractive and home-like, and under moral influences. A few young men met together and inaugurated the movement, which was completed in December, 1866. The Directors held their meetings daily for several weeks. No rooms were immediately available for carrying out plans for the social and intellectual improvement of the class specially designed to be benefited, but moral and spiritual culture might be advanced without such appliances. On Monday noon, December 24, 1866, the day before Christmas, the first daily prayer meeting was held in the First Methodist Church on Fifth street. Twenty-five or thirty young men were in attendance. These meetings were held regularly, not intermitting even for holidays, with varying numbers, and only a slight average increase, but with a manifest augmentation of feeling.

In order to present the objects of the Association to the public a meeting was held in the First Presbyterian Church, (the Rev. Mr. SCOVILLE'S,) on Sabbath evening, December 30th, which was addressed by Mr. D. W. MOODY, of Chicago, among others, with the eloquence of heart obtained by intimate relationship and work with a similar organization in that city. As one result of his address, two hopeful conversions were announced. Another result was a deeper interest in the daily prayer meetings, following by increased attendance. As interest deepened, it spread and diffused itself. Soon the lower room became too small, and the meetings were removed to the main audience hall above. From the first this larger room was full, and has so continued ever since.

In order to accommodate the people of Allegheny a daily noon prayer meeting was started there by the Association, in the Rev. J. B. Clark's church, and, a few weeks afterwards, still another in the Rev. Mr. Swift's church, on Beaver street, both of which have been and are now well attended.

In Pittsburgh a second meeting of like character was started in the Trinity Methodist Church, in the Ninth ward, to meet the wishes of those too far away in that direction to be present at the Fifth street meetings.

These four Assemblies are in charge of a Committee of the Association, who attend to all matters pertaining thereto. An alphabetical list is kept of volunteer leaders of each meeting, and they lead in turn.

Deriving the impulse largely from these convocations, young men connected with different churches organized weekly prayer meetings in their regular places of worship. As a consequence, the spiritual activities of this class have become greater and more potential than ever before.

At first, these noon-day prayer meetings continued for half an hour—from 12 to 12:30. Now, that in Fifth street continues till 12:45. The prayers, addresses and singing are short, the rule being three minutes, and are altogether voluntary, after a brief opening exercise under the direction of the leader for the day. Many ladies attend.

In the Baptist Church, under the care of the Rev. Mr. DICKERSON, great interest prevails, as also in other churches of that denomination.

We regret that our information is not ampler touching the movements in particular churches. But we cannot pass over in silence the earnest and most continuous labors of the ministers of several of them. Never have men worked with more constancy and fidelity than they. Roused to unwonted energy, they pour forth their warm-hearted messages, day after day, and night after night, with no apparent abatement either in physical or spiritual power. Perfect concord between the several denominations prevails, and from present appearances the work is likely to go on indefinitely.

OPINION ELSEWHERE.

The Philadelphia *North American* has steadily and intelligently advocated a Free Railroad Law, presenting in that particular a contrast to the other journals of the eastern metropolis of this Commonwealth. It sustained Governor GEARY'S veto of the bill indefinitely increasing the stock of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. In a judicious article, reviewing the existing condition of these affairs, it says:

"So much it is proper that we should say, at a time when a contest is threatened in which the company may be placed in a false light. We are prepared to sustain the company in its efforts to obtain whatever legislation may be really needed to enable it to contend successfully for the great prizes of western, Pacific, European and internal trade. But there must be a limit to all subluinary things, and we are not willing to aid in promoting any legislative action in violation of public rights and interests, as well as of those of the stockholders of this very company.

"We deplore the occurrence of this difficulty, because it most inevitably increases the unhappy bitterness of feeling against Philadelphia that is so rife in western and southern Pennsylvania, and in all kindness we say that we think the interest of the Pennsylvania Company, as well as of the State, demand the abandonment of the untenable position assumed at Harrisburg in seeking to hamper the Free Railroad act with provisions that would render it nugatory. No member of either House of the Legislature can possibly sustain himself before his constituents upon any platform like that, and the agitation on the subject has grown to such an extent that it will be found to be a formidable element in elections hereafter."

This view is concurred in by dispassionate and well-balanced men in all parts of the State. The calmness and dignity with which it is presented befit the occasion. Rant, foam, gasconade, exaggeration and misrepresentation have no proper place in such a discussion. Manners, in a subordinate sense, are morals; and when these are forgotten, however much a journal may delight the coarse and vulgar, it can do a worthy cause no good whatever.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

For some years past Schuylkill county has not been governed by Pennsylvania, but by the "Miner's Union." Exception should be made of a few months, when the United States interposed, and sent Gen. SIGEL there with a regiment or two of troops. The strong hand of military discipline reduced the members of the "Union" to some sort of outward respect for the rights of their fellow citizens. Coal having receded very greatly in price, the "Union" men are on a strike. So far, well. Men who have labor to sell, and do not see fit to part with it on the terms offered, have an undoubted right to keep it, so long as they pay their way, and do not get on to the pauper lists. But this is not the point at which they stopped. A notice was posted through the county, in these words:

MARCH 1, 1867.

"Take notice from this time, it you want to live, for I think your time will be very short, so you must look out for all you get, and any man on the colliery until the 20 cents is put on."

[Diagram of a coffin and pistol].

Higher wages, or death to the employers who refuse! Four Superintendents of mines have been personally warned to leave under penalty of death for non-compliance. Several murders have been committed, and a number of houses robbed. These same miscreants have committed a hundred murders in that same county, during the last few years, for which none of them have been brought to punishment. Governor GEARY has now been appealed to for aid, and the suggestion has been made that the general government be solicited to make Pottsville a regular military post. As the case stands the "Union" has complete "jurisdiction." It is high time the penitentiary and the gallows received their dues.

A PRISON COMMISSION.

MR. WILSON, from the Committee of Ways and Means, has reported the following highly important joint resolution into the House, authorizing the Governor to appoint a Commission to inquire into the various systems of prison discipline:

"*Be it resolved*, &c., That the Governor be empowered and authorized to appoint a Commission of citizens of the State, not to exceed five in number, whose duty it shall be to inquire into the various systems of prison discipline as practiced in other States and countries as compared with what is known as the Pennsylvania system and report thereon to the next Legislature, together with plans and estimates for a central State penitentiary should such an institution be in their judgment desirable or necessary."

The passage of this bill is of the utmost importance to Allegheny county, as the overcrowded condition of the Western Penitentiary makes it imperative that a change of system be adopted.

MR. STEVENS has great faith in constantly accumulating severities as means for uniting the people of the South to those of the North, in bonds of fellowship, never again to be broken. Therein we differ widely from him. His new Confiscation Scheme has only one section we regard with any sort of favor, and that relates to the division of the lands belonging to the governments of the seceding States among the emancipated blacks, in small parcels, and to be inalienable for a period of ten years. No better disposition could be made of these lands. The welfare of the whites and blacks, of the local governments and of the people, would be promoted by this measure.

THE New York *Tribune* furnishes this explanation:

"Ferdinand Volz, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Pittsburgh, Pa., District (Copperhead), was confirmed on the promise by the President to nominate a Republican, Col. I. Stewart, for Assessor, vice H. A. Weaver, Johnsonized Republican, to be removed after the confirmation of Volz was secured. The name of Stewart, which had been sent in, was withdrawn."

A REGISTRY BILL is before the Senate, which might as well get no farther. It constitutes boards of election, boards of registry, and then provides that persons who know the officers of election of the district in which they intend to vote need not be registered. Ballot-box stuffers would drive a coach-and-four through such a law.

THE Reading *Journal* proposes that "one of these years, after national affairs are settled," the question of a Free Railroad Law, be "brought fairly before the people." Why not this year?

A SPECIAL MEETING of the New York Association for the Advancement of Science and Art was held last Friday, to consider the propriety of organizing a central and permanent institution for educating females. A clergyman sent them this encouragement:

MY DEAR DR. GRISCOM: I wish I could be present at the meeting this evening, which is to consider the propriety of taking measures for a central educational institution for women. I have long felt very deeply the need of this movement. Our women are fast becoming butterflies for want of a true training. Most of our female schools are fashionable hot-houses, to encourage the growth of listlessness, affectation and extravagance. Society is made artificial, the laws of God are despised, and all things set topsy-turvy; wives lord it over their husbands, and children lord it over their parents; wisdom is driven into the corner and folly wears the crown. I trace nine-tenths of the flippancy and falsehood of modern society to the mockery of an education which the daughters of the land receive. God help you and your colleagues in this good work to send the devil yelping to his den. Yours, very truly,

HOWARD CROSBY.

306 Second avenue, March 21, 1867.

FRANCE not only retires ignominiously from Mexico, but is forced, through absolute fear of Prussia, suddenly and wonderfully aggrandised, to seek alliances for mutual defence with Holland, Belgium and Switzerland; and Belgium, at least, has rejected the overtures. Meanwhile Prussia has made a close alliance with Wurtemburg. Prussia can now put into the field a much larger military force than France can command. A new arbiter of European destiny has arisen.

THE joint resolution for the relief of destitution in the Southern and Southwestern States was so amended as to authorize and direct the Secretary of War, through the Freedmen's Bureau, to apply to this purpose so much as he may deem necessary of the unexpended moneys heretofore appropriated to supply freedmen and refugees. This unexpended balance is two millions of dollars.

—The English are doing more in the way of collecting the materials of history—particularly their own history—than any other nation in Europe.

WANT SUPPLIED.

London Ale, Bottled Ales, London Porter, Brown Stout. To get genuine imported London Ale, Porter or Brown Stout, has been almost an impossibility in this city, notwithstanding that there are few tonics more suitable for weakly persons and invalids. The want has at length been supplied. A large assortment of the finest brands, comprising Barclay & Perkins' London Stout, Bass & Co.'s Pale Ale, Campbell's Scotch Ale, etc., just received at JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, No. 84 Market street, and is sold by the case or single bottle, at the lowest rates. Also, a complete stock of the finest Liquors for medicinal purposes, and Campbell's Sparkling Ale, the finest article in use. Remember the place.

JOSEPH FLEMING'S
DRUG AND PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 84 Market street.

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, AND ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP. "LONDON DISCOVERY CAN ACCOMPLISH WITH LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING."

"London Our Best Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend it. Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair. Nature's own remedy, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle. At the hair dressers.

Sold by McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, 95 Market street; GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

BEHIND THE LIGHTHOUSE.

Old fogyism is not quite dead. People are still to be found who think that health is promoted by depletion! Was there ever such false logic! Nature is the grand antagonist of disease, and the depletors propose to prostrate Nature, in order, one might suppose, to give the enemy a *double chance* at the life of the patient! The true practice is so to invigorate the vital powers as to render them an overmatch for the elements of disease. This can be done with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Of all vegetable tonics they are the most powerful and the most genial. At this season when even the strongest organizations are liable to be affected by the alternations of stringent cold and malarious moisture, this inestimable protective medicine is especially needed. Persons predisposed to biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, intermittent fever, or any of the complaints which cold weather superinduces or aggravates, should take it regularly throughout the Winter and Spring months. It is absolutely pure and harmless.

THE INDIANS AND THE WHITE PINE.

Although long known to the aborigines of America, Dr. George W. Swett, of Boston, has brought into shape for convenient use, a most valuable preparation called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which for a number of years has given great satisfaction in the cure of all those ailments dependent on an inflamed or irritated condition of the mucous membranes of the animal organism. For *gravel, diabetes, dropsy, chronic bronchitis, nasal catarrh, constipation*, when depending on a debilitated state of the intestines. It is one of the most valuable discoveries ever utilized to pharmaceutical medicine. It is likewise a most valuable compound for diseases of the kidneys and bladder generally, as any one can satisfy himself upon a single trial. Every one knows the healing virtue of the white pine for sores and ulcers, but Dr. Swett has gone to work and prepared from the sweet inside bark of that valuable tree a compound that will meet every indication where the pine would be valuable.

It is confidently recommended for the following ailments:

Disease of the young or middle aged people;
Diabetes in old people;
Dropsy of the Chest;
The same difficulty in children during the night;
Gravel, Kidney Trouble in old people;
Ulcerated Kidneys, Ulcerated Bladder;
Discharge of mucus or pus, or blood from the bladder;
Bright's Disease of the Kidneys;
Pain in the Kidneys or Small of the Back;
Pain in the Bladder, Heat and Scalding;
Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at Dr. Keyser's great medicine store, 189 Wood street. mh15:d&ew

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ALLEGHENY ACADEMY—FOR MALE AND FEMALE—T. E. WAKEHAM, Principal, will be opened MONDAY, April 8th, in EXCELSIOR HALL. Mr. W. may be seen at Mr. SPRATT'S book store every day, between 4 and 5 o'clock, P. M. Circulars may be obtained at DAVIS, CLARKE & CO'S., and the book stores of Allegheny. mh25:w3t:mwf

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
JACOB H. WALTER,
Will be a Candidate for the office of PROTHONOTARY, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25:v9&d&wT

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
MAJ. J. F. DENNISTON,
(Formerly of Friendly's Rifle Guards) will be a Candidate for COUNTY TREASURER, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. mh25:v7&

QUINCY A. SCOTT,
DENTIST,
NO. 248 PENN STREET,
mh25:v2 PITTSBURGH.

FOR RENT.
FIVE DESIRABLE ROOMS,
With gas; in a pleasant locality, suitable for two small families or one large family. Possession by April 1st. Inquire at the premises, No. 244 HAT STREET. mh25:v21

MANCHESTER PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Five Lots, 20x120, on Beaver street, between Adams and Bayard streets.
One Block or Square, 85 feet front, on Market street, bounded by Bayard and ——— streets and Cedar alley.
One Block or Square, 288 feet front, on Preble street, bounded by Bayard and ——— streets and Cedar alley.
Apply to JAMES A. HUTCHISON,
mh25:v7&2 No. 25 Duquesne Way.

$10 FROM $1, OR $18 TO $30 PER DAY, can easily be made the year round, WITHOUT RISK, in a new business, light, pleasant and honorable, AND NO COMPETITION. Good and energetic Agents (Ladies and Gentlemen) are wanted to represent us in every City and County. A RARE CHANCE to make money, and PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT is offered to every person having a few hours daily to spare. For further particulars please call on, or address, G. W. JACKSON & CO., 11 South street, Baltimore, Md. mh25:v8&

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits
SIGN—ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

EVERY ONE INTERESTED
IN THE GROWTH OF AN
Economical Establishment
OF
HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS,
So far as it Concerns the Purchase of
GROCERY SUPPLIES,
Should Save 20 Per Cent.
BY BUYING SOON.
SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

NEW SPRING GOODS,
OPENING AT
G. SCHLEITER'S,
92 Market Street.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
Spring Dress Goods,
Spring Cloaks,
Elegant Silks,
Elegant Chintzes,
Brilliants,
AND A FULL LINE OF
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
mh21 v98
ANOTHER LARGE ARRIVAL
OF
SPRING STYLES
AT THE
PHILADELPHIA
CLOAK HOUSE,
Wholesale and Retail.
M. SIMON,
(Successor to H. GUNSENHAUSER & CO.,)
I am receiving every day a splendid assortment of
Pointed Sacques, Basques, Cloaks,
Circulars and Mantillas,
A very fine selection of BLACK AND FANCY CLOTH, BUGLE TRIMMINGS and BUTTONS of every description, which I will offer at REDUCED PRICES.
Ladies will please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. Particular attention to mail orders. mh25:3t:TH

THE IRON CITY MONTHLY,
ILLUSTRATED,
A compendium of facts concerning
PITTSBURGH AND VICINITY,
WILL BE READY
About the Third of April.
Address all communications to
GEORGE W. PITTOCK & CO.,
Dispatch Building,
69 FIFTH STREET.
Postoffice Box 1406. Pittsburgh, Penna. mh25:v90

ACCOUNT OF THE BOROUGH OF TEMPERANCEVILLE, from March 15th, 1866, to March 15th, 1867.
JAMES KELLY, Collector.
To the Borough of Temperanceville.
DR.
To Amount of Duplicate..... $865 01
" Additional Tax..... 17 05
$970 06
By Am't paid T. Hershberger, Treasurer..... $807 00
" Errors and exonerations.. 63 00
" Percentage..... 45 26
$970 66
T. HERSHBERGER, Treasurer,
To the Borough of Temperanceville.
DR.
To Balance from March, 15, '66, $ 75 06
" Francis Kelly, Collector..... 1 03 00
" Vehicle License..... 154 50
$1,091 56
CR.
By Warrants paid..... $1,002 66
" Percentage to Treasurer.. 26 43
" Balance in Treasury..... 2 48
$1,091 56
S. H. FRENCH,
JAS. McDOWELL, } Auditors.
NOTE.—The Borough has two outstanding Warrants, No. 141 and 142, amounting in all to $85 14.

LACE CURTAINS,
Vestibule Lace,
Nottingham Lace,
Gilt Cornices,
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES,
BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
mh25

CARPETS AT AUCTION.
McCALLUM BROS., desiring to commence business on Fifth street with an entire new stock, will dispose of the balance on hand at their old store, FOURTH STREET, near Wood, by auction, on
Wednesday, March 27, at 10 O'clock.
This sale will be very attractive, embracing besides a great variety of rolls of carpet, an immense quantity of remnants of carpets of all kinds, oil cloth, matting, &c.
A. L. GATE, Auctioneer.
mh25

VALUABLE STOCKS AND BONDS.—TUESDAY EVEVING, March 26th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second Floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 108 Smithfield Street:
9 Shares Exchange National Bank,
25 " Second " "
20 " First " " Allegheny,
40 " Union Line Transportation Co.,
10 " Allegheny Valley Railroad,
8 " Fort Pitt Coal Co., full paid stock,
$1,000 Pittsburgh Compromise 6 per cent. bds,
$1,000 Allegheny Valley Railroad, 7 3-10 per ct. bonds.
A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.
mh25

FOR SALE.—A very desirable PROPERTY for either a Tan Yard, Woolen Factory, or Planing Mill. Situated at McCoy's Station, on the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad, fifty-five miles from Pittsburgh. A good, substantial building on it 80x24, and shed whole length, 15 feet wide. Size of lot 100x160; three-fourths under good fence. Enquire of
JOHN HERBERT, Allegheny.
fe20:m6wfn

FOR SALE.
A Fine Driving and Riding Horse,
FOR A GENTLEMAN OR LADY.
Inquire at PATTERSON'S STABLES, Third street. mh18:v80

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS,
BUSINESS CHANCE.
THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY announces to his many friends and customers, that he has disposed of his entire business at No.'s 55 and 57 Fifth street, to SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., who will continue the "Auction and Commission Business," in all its branches. I would here ask a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on me, assuring the public that my successors are every way qualified, having been in my employ many years.
T. A. McCLELLAND.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,
(Successors to T. A. McCLELLAND.)
AUCTIONEERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
NO'S 55 AND 57 FIFTH ST.
Special attention given to sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c. Also,
Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, &c.
AT PRIVATE SALES,
DAY AND EVENING.
mh25:v88

CARPETS.
APRIL, 1867.
NOW ARRIVING.
The Latest Purchase of the Season
AT THE
LOWEST PRICES
SINCE THE WAR.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
Wilton and Velvet,
BODY BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
Best Two and Three-Ply Ingrain,
FOR
DRAWING ROOMS, LIBRARIES, CHAMBERS, and DINING ROOMS.
Hall and Stair Carpets to Match.
We offer our patrons many new and choice patterns, which are not to be found elsewhere.
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
Cheap All-Wool Two-Ply Carpets
AT $1.00 TO $1.25 PER YARD.
Carpet and Curtain
UPHOLSTERY WORK
DONE PROMPTLY AND IN THE BEST STYLE.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Street.
Next building to United States Custom House and Postoffice, second door. mh25:mwf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
AT
JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO'S.
Having made a second addition to our already large stock of
SPRING GOODS,
We are prepared to offer inducements, both in price and assortment, in
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs,
Gloves, Hosiery, Bugle Trimmings and Fringes, New styles Dress Trimmings, Colored and Velvet Ribbons, Guipure and Cluney Lace,
Real Thread and Point Lace,
Buttons, all styles and colors,
Corsets, Belting, Buckles and Belts, Fine Opera Fans,
Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Spring Under Wear,
Alexandre Kid Gloves,
Imitation Empress Trail Skirts, in Single and Duplex.
A large assortment of
Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows, Suspenders, Shirt Fronts, &c.
Merchant's Star Shirts,
Spring Styles Hosiery, Hat Flowers, and Millinery Goods,
Trimming Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Plain and Fancy, all widths.
OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found complete in all Departments. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 and 79 Market Street.
fe22:m90

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,
[Successors to R. E. BULGER, Agent,]
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE
Of Every Description.
SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.
No. 15 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.
WM. J. MYERS. WM. G. HOPPER. C. A. MYERS.
mh22:v68

NEW CARPET STORE
Just Opening.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
NO. 21 FIFTH STREET,
SECOND FLOOR.
We are now opening our FIRST STOCK OF GOODS, embracing everything in the CARPET LINE, from the best European and American manufactures to the commonest Hemp Carpet. A full line
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES,
RUGS, MATS,
STAIR RODS,
and a complete assortment of PIANO and TABLE COVERS, &c.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH STREET, (second floor.)
mh23:v76d&wT over Bates & Bell's.

CHANDELIERS,
Brackets, Pendants, &c.,
FOR
Gas and Oil.
A large assortment on hand and receiving at
WELDON & KELLY'S,
PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS,
164 Wood Street.
mh23:b7 NEAR SIXTH.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
SPRING OPENING
Monday, March 25, 1867,
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 Market Street.
When we will exhibit
NEW SILKS,
Plain, Figured, Striped, Checkered, Chena, in Black,
And all the Newest and Choicest Colors and Shades, and in all qualities.
NEW DRESS GOODS,
The assortment embraces some fifty different kinds, and the choicest in the market.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
BED, TABLE AND SHEETING LINENS, TOWELS, TOWELING, QUILTS, CHINTZES, &c.
MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Mellons, Jeans, Ermines, &c.,
WHITE GOODS,
Jaconet, Cambric, Swiss, Book, Nainsook, Mull and Lawns,
In Plain, Barred, Striped and Figured in great variety.
MOURNING GOODS,
Shawls; Dress Goods, &c.,
In good assortment and at VERY LOW PRICES.
OUR PRICES
For everything may be judged by the following quotations:
At 12½c BEAUTIFUL FAST COLD PRINTS;
At 12½c GOOD WIDE SHIRTING MUSLINS;
At 12½c GOOD YARD WIDE SHEETING;
At 12½c RUSSIA CRASH;
At 12½c GOOD TICKING;
At 37½c GOOD TABLE DAMASK;
At 50c GOOD TABLE PINK FLANNEL;
At 20c Extra size and quality TOWELS.
Don't fail to examine our stock before purchasing. mh25:v78

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.
THE GREAT HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.
TO THE PUBLIC.—I have this day opened a BRANCH HOUSE for the sale of
Mishler's Herb Bitters,
In the City of Pittsburgh, and have authorized A. T. FAHNESTOCK and D. M. HOLTON, as my Agents, to carry on and manage the same.
B. MISHLER.
LANCASTER, March 14, 1867.
FAHNESTOCK & HOLTON,
Wholesale Branch House,
26 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.
Sold by all Respectable Druggists.
We ask but a trial to convince any one of their medicinal value.
MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.
mh21:v72

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
HAVE ON HAND AND ARE
Selling at a Reduction,
THEIR STOCK OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
consisting of all the latest styles of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Ladies', Misses and Children's Cloth, Goat, Kid and Calf Balmorals, Button, Lace, and Congress Gaiters.
Gents, Boy's and Youths' Slippers, Ties, &c.
French Calf, Kip and Thick Boots and Booties.
Also, a large assortment of GENTS' FANCY SLIPPERS.
All of the above are of the BEST MATERIAL and WORKMANSHIP, and WARRANTED equal to any in the city.
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
No. 31 Fifth Street.
mh20:v72&mwf

TEAS AND SUGARS.

GOOD COOKING SUGAR,	10	lbs. for	$1 00
" "	12	" "	1 00
" TABLE "	8	" "	1 00
EXTRA GOOD "	7½	" "	1 00
BEST EXTRA "	6	" "	1 00

TEAS.
Another large lot of FRESH TEA, of last cargoes,
Direct from China and Japan,
Per ships Constantina, Roslin Castle, J. R. Gresham, comprising everything GOOD AND CHEAP in the way of Teas, at about
20 Cents Below the Common Prices,
ARTHUR KIRK,
172 & 174 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY.
mh16:v10

CHURCH BOOKS.
OLIVER'S TRANSLATION OF THE SYRIAC PSALTER.
FESTIVALS AND FASTS. Hobart.
ST. PAUL IN ROME. Butler.
INNER ROME. Butler.
LENTEN LECTURES. Ellis.
THE CHURCHMAN'S REASONS FOR HIS FAITH AND PRACTICE. Richardson.
HISTORY OF THE EARLY CHURCH. Sewell.
PASSING THOUGHTS ON RELIGION. Sewell.
THOUGHTS ON THE SERVICES. Coxe.
HOLY LIVING AND DYING. Taylor.
MANUAL OF DEVOTION. By Uptold.
THE LAST DAYS OF OUR SAVIOUR.
LENTEN LESSONS.
CHURCH FLORAL DECORATIONS.
For sale by
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
No. 101 Wood Street,
mh25:u30 PITTSBURGH.

BOATING.—For Sale at the Boat House of the Ariel Barge Club, Baltimore, Md., a six-oared SHELL BOAT, built by Chas. B. Elliott, of Greenpoint, L. I., is in perfect order, and as good as new, having been used ten eight times. It will be sold for $300. For further information apply to M. LEWIS, 37 Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. mh18, v74

10 STORE WHEELBARROWS;
3 MORTAR WHEELBARROWS;
12 BRICK WHEELBARROWS;
10 CLAY WHEELBARROWS;
1 EXPRESS WAGON;
2 LIGHT SPRING WAGONS;
2 COAL WAGONS;
2 CARTS;
Mortised Hubs and Turned Spokes on hand and for sale at DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
mh23:m3t COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.
mh18 P. C. DUFFY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW GOODS.
Will be Opened
THIS DAY,
A Very Large
AND
CHOICE STOCK
OF
NEW GOODS,
To which the attention of
Wholesale and Retail Buyers
IS RESPECTFULLY INVITED,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
mh25:v18

THE MERCHANTS UNION EXPRESS COMPANY.
CAPITAL, $20,000,000.
Owned and Operated by
Our Merchants and Manufacturers.
CARRIES BY EXPRESS, Money, Valuables, Freight and Parcels, over more than 13,000 miles of Express Line, at just and liberal rates, saves Millions yearly to Express Shippers, and can be made permanent only by their liberal patronage. This we hope to merit and receive.
Office, No. 145 Wood Street,
WM. LITTLE, Agent.
mh4:m56

FOR SALE.
COAL LAND.
FOUR ACRES AND NINETY PERCHES of Coal Land, with pit open, in good working order, platform, blacksmith shop, office, &c., in Allegheny, Pa., March 21st, 1867, situated on the Robinson Plank Road, Inquire of WILLIAM G. LEWIS, on the premises, if not disposed of will be offered at public outcry on SATURDAY, March 30th, at 10 o'clock.
Also, One Acre of Land,
Underlaid with coal, near the Washington Pike, two miles from Jones' Ferry. A substantial frame house, with eight rooms and kitchen cellar under the building; smoke house, coal house, stable, and other outbuildings; a good well of water, with pump spring in cellar; soft water cistern with pump in wood garden; orchard with forty apple trees, peach trees, pear, cherry, quince, currants, gooseberry, raspberry, grapes, &c., all in bearing order. Inquire of SAMUEL C. LEWIS, on premises. If not disposed of will be offered at public outcry on SATURDAY, March 30, at 10 o'clock. mh21:v84

SOLE LEATHER.
Best MARYLAND OAK TANNED SPANISH and SLAUGHTER
Sole Leather,
In quantities from 100 lbs. up,
At Wholesale Prices for Cash.
Orders solicited.
JAMES W. JONES & SON,
CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND.
fe23:v71
HUGH N. BOLE.....HUNTER ORR.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,
HUGH. M. BOLE & CO.,
Engine Builders,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.
CASTINGS, Light and Heavy, made to order. Machinery of every description manufactured on short notice.
Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
mh20:v66

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.
J. LYONS,
No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES. Curtain Cornice, Bands and Buttons, Consols, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.
LOOKING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.
PRICES MODERATE. mh9mlmwfs

THOS. ROBERTS.....EDWIN SHERRATT.
(Late of Roberts, Barnes & Co.)
ROBERTS & SHERRATT,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,
NO. 61 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Near Fourth Street, PITTSBURGH.
Have constantly on hand a general assortment of STOVES, Plain, Japanned, Pressed and Block TIN WARE, Fancy Bird Cages, Cutlery, Scotch Miners Lamps and House Furnishing Goods in general, which they will sell Wholesale and Retail.
Prompt attention given to Roofing, Spouting, and all kinds of Job Work. mar23:m86

SHEPHARD'S
CRACKERS
317 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
fe7:m64

WALL PAPERS,
GOLD EMBOSSED PARLOR PAPER;
WOOD AND MARBLE IMITATION PANEL PAPERS;
TINTED PANEL PAPERS, for Parlors and Ceilings.
In New Designs, at
NO. 107 MARKET STREET,
(Near Fifth Street,)
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh9

BOTTLED ALES—
KENNETT, WINTERTON,
And all best brands of
Ales and Soda Waters,
BOTTLED BY
J. C. BUFFUM & CO.,
22 AND 24 MARKET STREET.
mh15:v94 Pittsburgh

BLOATER HERRING.
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
EXTRA SMOKED HERRING,
Just received, and for sale by the box or dozen, at the Family Grocery store of
mh14 JOHN A. RENSHAW.

NOTICES.
CAUTION.—All Persons are Cautioned against negotiating
A DEMAND PROMISSORY NOTE,
For $200,
DATED ABOUT MARCH 11TH, 1867,
in favor of
Alfred C. Aims,
Signed by me, as I hold his Demand Promissory Notes, payable to my order, covering amount of my note
T. W. MYERS.
PITTSBURGH March 25th, 1867. mh25:v99

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, ALLEGHENY, Pa., March 21st, 1867.
AN ELECTION FOR SEVEN DIRECTORS of the "Franklin Savings Bank" will be held at the BANKING HOUSE, on TUESDAY, the 2nd day of April, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cash'r.
mh22:v81

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK, March 1st, 1867.
AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT and SIX DIRECTORS of the Manchester Savings Bank will be held at their Banking House, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of March, between the h

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING,)

SKIRTS,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAILS, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacture of

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16:v33wT NEW YORK.

EMPRESS TRAIL,

PARIS TRAIL,

PRIDE OF THE WORLD,

TIP TOP SKIRTS,

FOR SALE AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

mh21

78 AND 80 MARKET STREET,

Daily Arrivals.

In addition to our stock of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

WHITE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES, LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SASH AND BONNET
TRIMMINGS AND
NECK RIBBONS,

of every width and shade,

Best quality of SATIN RIBBON, all widths
VENICE, BLACK AND AMBER TRIMMINGS, FRINGES and BUTTONS
Full Line A exandre KID GLOVES; HOSIERY and GLOVE of every description.
NEW STYLE of HOSE just received for Ladies, Misses, and Children.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS, all makes.
A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Country Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, a full assortment at Eastern Prices.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

mh21:v61

NEW GOODS

OPENING DAILY.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

Are opening daily

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

BRADLEY'S NEW INVISIBLE SKIRT for 1867.
LADIES' MATINEE, BRODE and OPERA HOODS.
GENTS' PIQUE AND PLAIN KIDS.
PATENT ELASTIC BOOTS—for Ladies only.
THE NEW FRENCH PAPER COLLARS and CUFFS are the latest novelty on paper.
NEW FRENCH and WHALEBONE CORSETS—all sizes.
GUIPURE LACES—new styles.
BEAD GIMPS and FRINGES.
NEW LACE COLLARS.

Dealers Supplied

AT

NEW YORK JOBBERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

fe23

NEW GOODS! NEW HOUSE!

New House! New Goods!

WM. H. MILLER,

(Formerly of EATON, MACRUM & CO., late 19 of F. H. EATON'S,)

WILL OPEN

About the First of April,

AT

NO. 64 MARKET ST.,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Trimmings, Lace Goods,
Embroideries, Ribbons,
Gloves, Hosiery,

And all GOODS usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS TRIMMING
AND
Notion House.

mh13:v8

NEW STRIPED AND PLAID

POPLINS,

Just received at the store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 67 Market Street,

(West side, next door to the sign of THE Big Boot.)

PLAID POPLINS AND STRIPED;
PLAIN POPLINS;
FANCY SILKS;
PLAIN BLACK SILKS;
MOURNING SILKS;
SILKS FOR EVENING DRESSES;
GRENADINE ROBES.

A large assortment of new and beautiful

DRESS GOODS,

Just Received,

No. 87,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT."

mh19

27 FIFTH STREET.

SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, SOCKS,
NECK TIES, UNDER SHIRTS,
DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, LINEN
AND PAPER COLLARS, SLEEVE
BUTTONS, TRAVELING BAGS,
UMBRELLAS, &C., AT

DENNISON'S,

fe2 NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARGAINS

AT EATON'S.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS,
JACONET " "
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
WINTER HOSIERY,
GLOVES, Etc.,

All at Reduced Prices, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

N. B.—CHOICE GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

mh22:v42

27 FIFTH STREET.

NORWEGIANS, ZEPHYR KNIT
BRAWLS, HOSIERY, GLOVES IN
LISLE, SILK AND KID, LACE,
EMBROIDERIES, HOMESTITCHED
HANDKERCHIEFS, FANCY
FANS, RIBBONS, CORNETS, BILK,
LINEN SILKS, CORSET HOOP
SKIRTS, &C., AT

DENNISON'S,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

(Third house above Diamond Alley)

mh16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of GILMORE, SIMPSON & CO., in the milling and other business, in the county of Allegheny, is THIS DAY DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

The undersigned, DAVID GILMORE, alone is authorized in using the name of the late firm in settling up all unfinished business and accounts, Office, at the mill, South Canal street, Allegheny City.

DAVID GILMORE,
JOHN W. SIMPSON,
W. J. McMASTER.

March 14th, 1867. mh21:v78:f:4&8

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Was Dissolved January 1st, 1867,

BY MUTUAL CONSENT,

A. M. MARSHALL disposing of his interest in said firm to the remaining partners, who will continue the business at the old stand, 114 and 116 WATER STREET.

A. M. MARSHALL,
E. M. FULTON,
M. L. BOLLMAN

mh12:v18

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me JOHN H. BOYLS and JOHN KNABEL, in the Manufacture and dealing in Carbon Oil Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers and all kinds of Glassware. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm name and style of JOHN ROSS & CO.

JOHN ROSS.

—Will remove April 1st to No. 28 Wood street.

mh16:v49

COAL, COKE, &c.

LOUIS KAUFFMANN.....R. A. SCHNABEL.

KAUFFMANN & CO.,

UNION COAL YARD.

Best Family Coal, Nut Coal and Slack

Always on hand and promptly delivered to order.

OFFICE: COR. HARRISON AND PENN STS,

YARD—Allegheny Valley Railroad, near Carson street, Ninth Ward,

fe16:d39 PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. M. CLANEY.....WARDING CUMMING.
R. N. HUNTSMAN.....J. L. MILLER.

WM. M. CLANEY, & CO.,

Gas Coal Works,

Shippers and dealers in SUPERIOR GAS AND FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK. Post-office address, Box 587, Pittsburgh, or Box 67 Allegheny City.

GENERAL OFFICE, second story Pittsburgh Saving Bank Building, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. BRANCH OFFICES: No. 5 Liberty street, under Penn's R. R. office, site Mechanic street, Pittsburgh, and corner Anderson street and P. V. W. & B. R. R., Allegheny. All orders left at either of the above places will receive prompt attention. fa19:s8

FORT PITT COAL COMPANY.

—Shippers and dealers in Superior Family and Steam Coal, Nut Coal and Slack, general office second story Pittsburgh Savings Bank Building, corner Liberty street and Virgin alley. Branch office, corner Try and Third streets, Pittsburgh. Orders left at either of the above places will receive prompt attention.

Postoffice Address Box 587, Pittsb'gh.

DIRECTORS:
J. J. GILLESPIE, S. McCRACKEN, GEORGE H. HILL, WALTER BRYANT, B. L. FARNESTOCK, WM. EINHART, JAS. McCONOMY, JOHN HAYS, LOUIS OSGOOD.
J. J. GILLESPIE, President. S. HEMER, Treasurer. W. ENGLISH, Sec'y.

W. M. CLANEY & CO., Managers.

fa16:s91

PITTSBURGH NATIONAL

COAL AND COKE COMPANY,

Miners, shippers and dealers, wholesale and retail, in the

BEST FAMILY COAL.

Nut Coal and Slack.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Fourth and Try streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

All orders left at the office in the City, or Shipment West, will meet prompt and immediate attention. R. A. SCHNABEL, Superintendent.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny

LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest market price.

Orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my2:b25

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE COAL

And Manufacturer of

Coal, Slack, and Decarburized Coke

OFFICE AND YARD,

Corner of Butler and Morton; first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

BREWERS, MALSTERS, &c.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.

CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,

BREWERS, MALSTERS AND HOP DEALERS,

Successors to

JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburg

WM. W. ANDERSON, Alleghen

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our

ALES AND PORTER,

Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities and Hops from the yards East and West, we can guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade.

Our INDIALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

Mr. ANDERSON'S customers will please be particular to leave their orders at his office adjoining the old Brewery, or at our offices,

Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley,

no9:n26

JAMES SMITH, THOMAS BOOTH. A. A. YOUNG, THOMAS BROWN.

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.

Having purchased the old established Brewery known as the ALLEGHENY BREWERY, formerly owned by Campbell & Reehm, we would inform the public that we intend continuing the manufacture of

SPRING WATER ALES,

Made from Pure Spring Water, and from our facilities and long experience in the business, we feel satisfied that we will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor us with their patronage.

SMITH & CO.,

465 Rebecca Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

All orders left at BROWN & GRAHAM'S, 203 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, will be promptly attended to. oct6:b91

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER.....JAS. M'KAY.

SPENCER & McKAY,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. fe15:d68

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1867.

Important Temperance Convention.

SALTSBURG, March 22, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Knowing the state of the public mind on the subject of the Great Temperance Reform, and feeling assured that your readers throughout the State will be interested in the proceedings, in brief, of the friends of the cause, and in accordance with the request of the body, I send you the doings of a Convention held on March 19th and 20th, composed of delegates from the lodges of Good Templars in the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Armstrong, and Indiana. The Convention assembled pursuant to a call issued by "Kiskaminetas Lodge" in this place, to consider the propriety of organizing a District Convention and promoting the interests of the great cause of Temperance. The Temperance Hall was swelled with delegates and visitors. Convention was called to order by W. C. T. R. Fulmer, and after prayer, the Convention was organized temporarily by calling A. L. McCluskey, of Indiana, to the chair, and J. C. Lewis, of Sharpsburg, Secretary.

After the appointment of the necessary committee the following permanent officers for the meeting, as reported by the committee, were elected: W. C. T., Rev. Thos. McCleary, of Barnesville; V. T., Mrs. E. M. Portser, Saltsburg; W. S., John W. Robinson, of Loyalhanna, and other necessary officers, Rev. Jas. A. Davidson, the renowned temperance orator, who has been engaged in the lecture field upon the subject of temperance for eleven years, in England, the British Provinces and the United States, especially in the States of California and Michigan, and who has been laboring in Western Pennsylvania since the opening of the present year, in the employ of the G. L. of Good Templars of our State, being present, by request, addressed the Convention.

Mr. Davidson contributed much to the life and interest of the meeting, by his participation in the discussions of the important questions presented for the consideration of the Convention, and his instructions in the work of the order.

The Convention decided to effect a permanent Quarterly Convention, and proceeded to the election of the following officers:

W. C. T.—Rev. T. H. Wilkinson, of Mansfield.

W. V. T.—Miss Nannie R. Story, of Greensburg.

W. S.—H. S. Beaver, of Freeport.

W. T.—Wm. Keck, of Salem.

W. L. G.—Miss Harriet Thompson, of Indiana.

W. O. G.—H. P. Rankin, of Allegheny.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The members of this Convention have been called from the different Lodges of Good Templars in the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Armstrong and Indiana, to form a "District Convention," as it is to them, the interests of the great Temperance Reform, and to deliberate on the best means of saving the inebriate from destruction and protecting the community from the blighting curse of intemperance, by throwing around them the influence of the "social circle;" and whereas we find that a general Temperance revival is progressing throughout the land, embracing a goodly number of our lawmakers and high officials; therefore,

Resolved, That we acknowledge with inexpressible gratitude the favor which Almighty God has bestowed upon our order and the Temperance cause throughout the land.

Resolved, That we write *Prohibition* upon our banners, and resolve that we will never yield the strife until Pennsylvania is free from the "License System" which strikes at attempts to destroy the noblest and best of our land.

Resolved, That we ask the co-operation of sister counties in our efforts to redeem the State from the great wrong.

And *Whereas*, we have heard with pleasure and profit, lectures from our Rev. brother James A. Davidson; and *whereas*, his able and eloquent appeals have met the universal approbation of our people, therefore

Resolved, That in our judgment the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania should retain his services as long as they may be at their command.

And be it further

Resolved, That the hearty thanks of this Convention, of the Delegates and visitors to this Convention, are due to and are hereby tendered to the members of the order in Saltsburg, and the citizens of the town, for their hospitality and liberality in entertaining us, and we shall ever gratefully remember our pleasant meeting in their pretty town.

The Convention proper held its sessions on the afternoon and night of Tuesday and morning of Wednesday. The meetings were marked throughout by the utmost harmony and good feeling. All the members participated in the business of the Convention, and all in all the enterprise was a success.

Two public meetings were held on the afternoon and evening of Wednesday the 20th inst., in the Baptist and Presbyterian churches. The houses were both well filled with attentive audiences, and addresses were delivered by Revs. Davidson and McCleary; also, short addresses by District Deputies A. L. McCluskey and J. M. Atter.

Thus ended a Convention from which doubtless much good will ensue, and which is hoped to be but the first fruits of the organization formed and which may last until our cause is triumphant and until our motto "Faith, Hope, and Charity," is recognized throughout our land.

Truly, yours, TEMPLAR.

Enforce The Law.

The Philadelphia *Ledger*, in commenting on the dangerous perfection of the work of Charles Ulrick, the famous counterfeiter, recently captured at Cincinnati, says:

It appears that the work of this man was so nearly perfect that it was pronounced by experts to be the finest specimens of counterfeiting ever seen. Everything that is accomplished by the costly machinery in the possession of the Government, and the chemical knowledge which the Government had paid large sums, is said to be perfectly imitated in the notes produced by this man. With this he could say that people can no longer rely for protection on the fineness of the work produced by the public engravers and the Government printing office. This is rather a startling condition of affairs, for heretofore the principal means of detecting counterfeits have been furnished by the difficulty, if not impossibility, as was supposed, of imitating the fineness and regularity of the engraving executed by the skilled workmen in this art.

These modes of detecting counterfeits being unavailable for the work produced by the new school of counterfeiters, who seem to be as highly skilled as the regular and honest engravers, there is but one resource left, and that is a severe and rigid enforcement of the laws against everybody engaged in the business of counterfeiting, high and low; from offenders like this man Ulrich, down to the creatures and tools who are employed to "shove" the counterfeit article upon the public. During the last four or five years, thousands of persons have been engaged in the nefarious trade of forging and passing the Government notes and securities, and several hundreds of those persons have been arrested in the larger cities. But very few of all that number have been prosecuted to conviction and punishment. Four-fifths of them at least get off scot-free, by some means or other.

It is in this impunity that has made counterfeiting not only a profitable, but to a considerable extent a safe business for those engaged in it, and being so, a large number of persons have been tempted to embark in it. It pays well, and there is but little risk of either capital or bodily punishment. If on the contrary those who were from time to time detected and arrested, had been brought to trial, prosecuted to conviction, and sentenced to severe terms of imprisonment, there would have been no such temptation for others to engage in the business. Skilled engravers like this man Ulrich would not have run the risk of such imprisonment if there had been more certainty that it would have been inflicted. We would have heard of but few such trials of skill between the counterfeiters and the regular and honest engravers as those that have been developed in the last three or four years, and that have now culminated in the absolutely perfect work of Ulrich. The remedy is in the inexorable enforcement of the law, and until this is made certain, it will be of but little avail to invent new guards against counterfeiting in the way of costly machinery and chemical processes, for the counterfeiters will find means to reproduce them all.

Execution of Alexander B. Wiley.

We take the following from an exchange:

Alexander B. Wiley, in the 26th year of his age, was hung at Wilkesbarre, Pa., on Thursday, for the murder of Mrs. Alice McElwee, on the morning of the 16th of May, 1866. The tragedy occurred at the house of Mrs. Hannah Miller, located on the mountain side, near the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad, three-fourths of a mile to the southward of Wilkesbarre. The maiden name of the victim was Alice Gardner. She lived as a domestic in the McElwee family, and it is alleged that Wiley paid improper attention to her, and she discarded him. Wiley enlisted in Company A, 103d P. V., but deserted that army. The prisoner, in reference to the murder of Mrs. McElwee, said:

'Two girl, five or six years ago, worked in a machine shop; I went into the army; when I returned I found her destitute, and I paid her board and kept her at a place called Blindtown; what she wanted I provided her with until six or eight months ago; she was in the habit of seeing other men; I was not sparking her; I did not care much for her; on the morning of the shooting I went there before daylight, opened the back door and went to sleep; slept there until Miller got up, when he pushed me, and said, "You devil, you are again here;" I then got up, and went into Miller's bed, and, eight o'clock Mary Frace came to the house, and I got up; maped up with a knife in my hand, which I was playing with; I struck the knife in the table, and then put it in my pocket; I tore my coat doing so; Mrs. Miller then offered to mend my coat; in going so she found my revolver; told her to let it alone; I did not want to injure this woman McElwee; my revolver had only three loads in it; I pointed it at Mrs. Frace in fun; I did this same to Mr. McElwee; I thought the pistol was only half-cocked; I did not intend to murder her, thinking that the barrel of the pistol I snapped was empty; this is about all I know of the affair.

Shortly before two o'clock, the doomed man was prepared for the gallows and led forth to the execution. He was supported by his spiritual advisers, who ascended the scaffold with him. He maintained the same indifference as had marked his course during his incarceration. While upon the scaffold, he requested the attending clergyman to say that he did not kill Alice McElwee intentionally. In a few moments after this, the rope was placed around his neck, the prop was removed from the platform, and the murderer was swung into eternity.

THE BUTLER COUNTY HOMICIDE.

BUTLER, March 22—2½ P. M.

The counsel, on behalf of John B. Adlington, moved for a new trial for the following reasons:

First, The jury erred in finding the defendant "guilty," as the evidence was not sufficient to remove all reasonable doubt.

Second, The defendant's counsel also urge as additional reasons, which they allege were errors of the Court, as follows, to-wit: In refusing to quash the array of Grand Jurors; 2d, For refusing to quash the array of Petit Jurors; 3d, In refusing to quash the indictment; and,

Third—In error in the several bills of exceptions, sealed by the Court, at the instance of defendant's counsel, during the trial on the reception of evidence, which several exceptions are hereby begged to be made part of these reasons, as fully as if repeated and incorporated herein.

(Signed,) J. N. PURVIANCE,
C. McCANDLESS,
J. C. M'CARTHY,
THOMAS & LYON.
Attorneys for defendant.

Gen. John N. Purviance made brief remarks why he thought the Court should certain the motion, disclaiming for himself and colleagues any thought of reflection upon the Court and jury, but urged the motion on its merits and as a moral duty resting upon them towards their client.

The Court, after consultation announced that they would entertain the motion, and fix an early adjourned Court for its disposal.

Thus ends the trial at present.

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AT THE

Popular Shoe Palace Emporium,

MEN'S HOB NAIL SHOES, FOR THE PIT OR MILL,

ONLY $2 00.

We have made a clean sweep, and marked down every thing in the store

At Prices Beyond Competition.

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The subscribers manufacture and keep for sale, at Wholesale and Retail, a large assortment of

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combining useful designs with the best workmanship. They may be had, with or without Stand, at three hours' notice. Also, Agents for Stationers throughout the country.

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mh 12:v19

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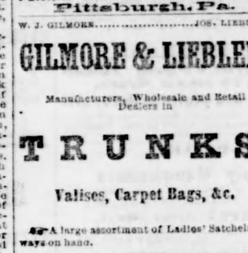
Pittsburgh, Pa.



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GILMORE & LIEBLER,

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A large assortment of Ladies' Satchels always on hand.

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STONE WORKS, Northwest Corner of Wes Common, ALLEGHENY.

FREDK ALTVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice HEARTH AND STEP STONES, FLAGS FOR SIDE-WALKS, SEWER PIPE, &c., &c. HEADBOARD TOMB STONES, &c., &c. Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE.

oct8:1m:d10

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Office: No. 39 MARKET STREET,

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Every kind of Work done on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms. Particular attention paid to Jobbing.

ja14:d64

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Chairman Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, No. 156 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. mh8:td

RUBBER CLOTHING—Such as Coats, Pants, Leggings, Boots, &c., of the best quality and warranted; also Oil Coats, Jackets, Overalls, &c., for sale at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, at No. 20 and 28 St. Clair street.

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Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
de20:eod1 Station D, Bible House, N. Y. City.

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Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

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A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume flanked from the rare and beautiful flower for which it takes its name.

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ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

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WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S POLISH BOOTS, GAITERS, BALMORALS, & GUMS,

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City and Country Dealers supplied at New York and Philadelphia prices. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at

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Wholesale Druggists,

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STANDARD CHEMICALS,

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DRUGS! DRUGGISTS!! DRUGS!!!

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HAVING BOUGHT THE WELL KNOWN DRUG HOUSE ON COR. FEDERAL AND ROBINSON STS., ALLEGHENY,

Will keep on hand a full assortment of all kinds of

DRUGS,

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Prescriptions carefully prepared by a first-class druggist.

All kinds of PERFUMERY and FANCY SOAPS on hand. oc30

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BLUE LEAD GROUND IN OIL FOR PAINTING OIL BARRELS,

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Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. ja16:n97

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All orders left at the Shop, or sent by mail, will receive prompt attention. fe28:n50

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ROSE BUD ROUGH AND READY, ROSE BUD BRIGHTP OUND, ROSE BUD GOLDEN BARS, And other Noted Brands of

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Manufactured by

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Fifth door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny. de22:b36

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

40 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipes Tobacco Pouches always on hand. my11:b37

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A Farm of about 55 acres in Union Township, Allegheny county, Pa., situate about four miles from the city on the Washington Pike. The improvements are a large two story brick Dwelling House with 12 rooms, a two-story Spring House, a Carriage House, a large Lumber Room, a No. 1 Frame Bank Barn, with stabling sufficient for 30 head of cattle. There is a fine Young Orchard, comprising about 12 acres, stocked with the best varieties of fruit trees. It is all underlaid with coal. The land is in a high state of cultivation, well watered, fenced good, and would sell advantageously for dairy or gardening purposes.

Also, 17¾ acres adjoining the above, with a good Frame House, Carriage House, good Spring House and other out-buildings; with a good Orchard in fine bearing condition. This place is also all underlaid with coal.

Also, 154 acres adjoining the above, unimproved, for sale low. This place is also all underlaid with coal.

The above three pieces of property lie between the Little Saw Mill Run and Steubenville Railroads, and the coal can be reached easily from either road. The coal alone is worth all that is asked for the entire property.

Also, Farm of 172 acres, situate in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., immediately on the line of the Penna. Railroad. The improvements are a two-story Frame House with extures throughout. It occupies a commanding site on a lot of five acres, all of which is the original forest, the remainder being well adapted for fruits and vegetables. There is a thrifty orchard of choice fruit trees.

The surroundings are all attractive, consisting of private residences of like character.

For full particulars, apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

ja17 87 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

PUBLIC SALE.

5 ACRES IN LIBERTY TOWNSHIP.

The undersigned will offer at public sale at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF APRIL NEXT.

At 3 o'clock P. M., a lot of ground containing five acres, in Liberty township, Allegheny county, Pa. It is situate on the Old Soutrtes Hill road, about one and one half miles from the Railroad Station and about one-fourth of a mile beyond the residence of D. R. Patrick. It fronts on the road 204 rods, and runs back about 78 rods. It has a beautiful building site on the road and is finely situated for a vineyard or fruit lot. The title is indisputable, and the terms of payment will be made easy. For further information apply to WILLIAM SLOAN, Attorney at Law, 100 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or to the undersigned, who may be found every morning at the Methodist Book Store, (J. L. Read's) on Wood street near Fourth.

mh21:td Z. M. COSTON.

FOR SALE.—QUITE A NUMBER of ACRE LOTS at Edgewood Station on Central Pennsylvania Railroad, seven miles from the city, on favorable terms. Prices ranging from $50 to $1,200 per lot, one-third cash; balance in two equal annual payments with interest.

Brick house of thirteen rooms (old, but in good repair) and about a quarter of an acre of ground, also, two dwelling houses, all in the suburbs of Freeport, one square from Western Pennsylvania Railroad depot. The property is suitable for hotel or boarding house purposes, and would pay to be used for such purposes. Price $6,000, half cash, balance on time.

Forty-five shares (full paid) Pennsylvania Insurance stock.

A number one residence, with three, six or nine acres of ground at Edgewood Station.

Also, a farm in Allenberry thirty-three by one hundred feet.

Also, a large amount of property in various locations.

JOHN CROFT,

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A MOST DESIRABLE

TWO STORY BRICK MANSION,

In the Borough of M'Keesport, for sale on reasonable terms. Drawing room, Parlor, Dining Room, Kitchen, Five Chambers, Bath Room, Pantries, and spacious Hall; Hot and Cold Water in Kitchen, Bath Room and Chambers; Flues in every room for conducting ashes to vaults in the cellar. About 8 acres of land. Access by Connellsville Railroad. Schedule time 50 minutes; 4 trains per day. This is a desirable property and such an opportunity is not offered.

Inquire of

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

mh11 No. 66 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE AND LOT, CHEAP.

That Fine two-story BRICK HOUSE, No. 73 Market st., Eighth ward, containing seven rooms, all freshly papered; Parlor, Dining Room, Kitchen, Bath-house and Bakeoven on first floor; Roots and four cisterns in the yard; finished attic. New roof on building; water at the door. South Front of every description. Alley alongside. 60 feet paved. Street in front. This is a very convenient house for a small family; within 30 minutes' walk of the Court House. Possession given April 1st. Inquire of

mh9:v7 HUGH M. BOLE,
No 94 Elm street, near Wylie.

IMPROVED PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

Situate in Lawrenceville, and Springfield, adjoining, ranging in prices from $1,000 to $3,000. Will be sold on reasonable terms if applied for soon. Embrace this opportunity.

For further information, apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES,

ja14 Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE.—A FARM AT WALL STATION, on the Central Railroad, with good improvements. Also, TWO FARMS AT CARPENTER STATION, well improved. A COAL FARM on the Steubenville Railroad, eight miles from the City. Property on Penn'a. avenue and Center avenue, improved and unimproved. Also, all parts of the State. Catalogues FARMS AND HOUSES TO LET

Inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
opposite the Cathedral,
No. 110 Grant street.

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FOURTEEN ACRES OF GROUND

in the plan of Fleece Dale, near to Ingraham Station, on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville R. R., about 9½ miles from the city; very desirable for country residences, or will be s

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST AND THIRD PAGES

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 23, 1867.

As the session of the Legislature will be closed within a very few days, business is being "whipped through" in right good earnest. Persons interested in any one of the scores of private bills awaiting legislative action, should be here, as there is no telling when the law-makers may reach them. A bill once reached, if it has a friend on the floor, may pass in the twinkling of a thought, but if friendless it is killed without much ceremony.

THE NEW LIQUOR LAW.

The liquor bill which I send you has been run through in a most disreputable manner, and I will wager a months pay that outside of the Liquor League, in your county not three individuals are aware of a single provision of the bill. I remonstrated at the hotel with one of your members upon the hasty passage of the act and mildly insinuated that the temperance advocates of old Allegheny, the Steels, the Baileys, the Wrays, and oth rs who have taken part in the good cause, should have been consulted upon the subject before it was rushed through. My answer was that the "temperance men didn't know what they wanted, and as their influence amounted to nothing." The bill may suit your locality, but it is the child of the liquor element, and in treating it as such, the members might have sought the advice of the temperance leaders. There is a large sized snake in the bill, and the good temperance folks are sadly outwitted.

HANGING LEGISLATORS.

The summary method hinted at by your journal to punish corruption in high places, fell like a hot shot into the legislative camp and excited considerable comment. Whether you meant it as a joke or in earnest, hanging would be a good thing for many members whose names suggest themselves at the mere thought. The ballot which your GAZETTE has set rolling to play "party quits" for a brief season, till fearless, honest and upright men are placed in the legislative halls, meets with universal favor here, among the leaders of the party. The suggestion does not occasion surprise among the members. They have dared the public, trampled the first interests of the commonwealth under foot, and have been waiting the punishment due from the people. Some have already been before the public, and let Allegheny county take the lead in this work, and nearly every other county will fall into ranks and follow. If any of the present members will be able to stem the current which shall consign them to private life.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

It is understood here among the initiated that the worthy Speaker of the House, Col. John P. Glass, will not seek re-election at the close of his term as member, but will be entertaining as a candidate for the office of Mayor of Pittsburgh. It must not be understood that he aspires to the position of Chief Executive simply because the gallant Colonel has re-mined in by the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers, but of

GRAND CONSOLIDATED PITTSBURGH.

The swallowing up of Allegheny, Birmingham, and other neighboring boroughs and townships, and the corporate limits of your city, is much nearer being accomplished than many may be aware. The bill of consolidation has been prepared, and will be passed without much opposition before the close of next week. The Legislature will adjourn and the members go to their homes in the belief that they have succeeded in creating in the western section of the State, a city nearly equal in population and importance to Philadelphia. It remains, however, with the citizens immediately interested in the subject, to vote for or against the consolidation which may never be made without the consent of the people residing in the neighborhoods to be joined together and made one.

AN ABUSED COMPANY.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is, in many respects grossly abused by the press throughout the State, and by many of the members. Let the wily Scott enter the House with some simple bill to advance the interests of the great corporation, and the alarm note is sounded at once throughout the State. Batteries from all quarters pour in their hot shell upon the unconscious monopoly, and long winded speeches are made by Senators and Representatives who are anxious to show that they are not bound to advocate the interests of any one concern. Some of the western members especially, oppose any and all legislation in which the Company is interested. While they oppose the bill allowing the Pennsylvania Company the privilege to increase its capital, they forget that they granted the very same authority to the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company. The latter bill is open to the same objection raised against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's bill which was vetoed. It was passed through hasty legislation, the members failing to scrutinize its provisions, as they might have done more closely if it were to benefit the Central road. The Governor signed the bill without due examination, and when he discovered the peculiar provision in it, he addressed a message to the Legislature asking to have the bill revoked, which has not yet been done.

A COMMITTEE FROM SCHUYLKILL COUNTY.

Your readers are doubtless aware of the terrible state of society in the mining regions of Schuylkill county. It has been found impossible for the civil authorities to maintain peace and order, and human life is held at low value in that section. Murders, burglaries, and all other crimes are of daily occurrence, and it is impossible to have the offenders brought to justice. A committee of fifty respectable and law abiding citizens of that county have been here yesterday to urge upon the Legislature a necessary change in their police system. Senator Randall opposed any change but why he did not explain his objections. At caucus of the Republican members held upon the subject on Friday night, no definite action was taken upon the subject, but Governor Geary was issued at the instance of the visiting committee, and it is hoped that the reign of terror in that section will be ended by prompt legislation.

Senator Connell's report relative to the education of soldiers' orphans. It provides for the appointment by the Governor of a Superintendent, who shall serve for two years, and to be the same as that received by the Superintendent of the Common Schools. He shall have power to establish one school, if necessary, in each of the Normal School districts. Each school to contain accommodations for not less than one hundred and fifty scholars under sixteen years of age. Orphans of soldiers and sailors citizens of other States, but died in Pennsylvania Regiments, are to be received and educated in the schools. The bill will pass the House without amendment.

A MALICIOS STATEMENT.

The Harrisburgh *Patriot and Union* a tourn al dyed deep in Democracy, is responsible for a petty libel upon Senator Fisher, of Lancaster county. It noticed in a squib that, "on Monday night last a Radical State Senator, it is alleged, made indecent proposals to the respectable daughter of one of our citizens, and was shortly after severely cane d by the latter." Mr. Fisher is single that, "on Monday night last a Radical State Senator, it is alleged, made indecent proposals to the respectable daughter of one of our citizens, and was shortly after severely caned by the indignant father. More "Cool and Morality"—after the Radical fashion."

This referred to Gen. Fisher, as another democratic paper choose to say, and that gentleman called up the subject in the Senate and had an investigation committee appointed to examine into the truth of the charge. The story is from the whole cloth and a suit for libel will be instituted.

THE POLICE BILL.

Alderman Strain, of your city, has been lobbying to some extent for the passage of an act to divide the city of Pittsburgh into four police districts. I mail you a copy of the bill. It will probably come up on Thursday next, and if is likely to pass. In my next I will favor you, perhaps, with an account of how Brother Bigham played on some of his colleagues in shoving through the "Free and Easy" liquor law.

CUDJO.

The New Liquor Law—New License System for Allegheny County—The Bill in Full—County Commissioners to Grant all Licenses, &c., &c.

The following is a correc copy of the new Liquor bill as it passed the Legislature and received the si nature of the Governor:

An Act regulating the granting of licens to eating houses and taverns in the county of Allegheny and enforcing order therein:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county shall hereafter have the power of granting all licenses to taverns and eating houses, and that the county Commissioners of said county shall hereafter be the license board, with all authority to grant or refuse licenses heretofore vested in the Court of Quarter Sessions of said county; provided, that no person who, within one year next preceding his application, has been under sentence for any felony committed by him, or during such time shall be or remain imprisoned for any violation of this license law, shall be entitled to a license by said board; and provided, further, that each of the members of the license board thus constituted shall be entitled, as compensation therefor, to the sum of seven hundred dollars per annum, to be paid from the treasury of the house of employment of said county.

SEC. 2 In said county all applicants for license to sell intoxicating liquors by any measure less than one gallon, shall during the months of March or April in each year appear before the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of said county, and make an oath or affirmation of the amount of their respective sales of liquors and all other refreshments at their respective bars to the best of their knowledge and belief, and said clerk is required to file such affidavits in his office, and rate and classify such applicant in accordance therewith. The rates and taxes and classification fixed on by the Act of April 20th, 1858, and the eating houses and restaurants, that of April 16th, 1849; and in case any general law is passed increasing the number of licenses to eating houses or taverns then the same are to be rated and classified by such rates; provided that any applicant for a house not previously licensed shall be rated and classified as he may deem just, from its locality and probable business, and he shall enter application upon a docket to be provided therefor, which shall be laid before the license board, organized under the first section of this act. Said board shall have the authority to revise and correct such classification upon any evidence brought before it, and when it is satisfied of its correctness, shall approve the same, provided that any applicant out of time receive a licence for a part of a year, expiring on the first of the ensuing May. There shall be a fee of fifty cents to the license Board, and for all services in each application for Eating Houses be entitled to one dollar, and in case the same is granted, to each application for tavern, two dollars, and in case the same is granted, to two dollars more. This to be in full of all fees in such cases.

SEC. 3. That the County Treasurer of Allegheny county is hereby required to perform all the duties in regard to the granting of licenses heretofore performed by him; provided, however, that the County Treasurer, at the time he receives the State license is hereby required to demand and receive from each applicant an equal amount of money to be held by him for the erection of a House of Employment in said county, and to be accounted for to the Inspectors of the Allegheny County Prison for the aforesaid purposes; which Board the said Treasurer is hereby required to report monthly the amount so received, and held by him; and said Treasurer, commencing January 1st, 1867, shall be allowed to retain out of the money so received, five hundred dollars per annum, payable quarterly, for his services as Treasurer of said Board; Provided, That said Treasurer shall, also, when he issues a license to any wholesale or retail store keeper to deal in liquors, be authorized to demand and procure from each one for the said Treasurer of the House of Employment an equal amount to what has been paid the State.

SEC. 4. The Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions are hereby authorized to revoke any license granted when satisfied that the party licensed is permitting the licensed premises to become the resort of idle and disorderly persons to the annoyance of the neighborhood, and to impose as a part of the penalty that said party shall not be entitled to a license for twelve months thereafter.

SEC. 5. Persons licensed as herein provided shall as far as in their power prevent all disorderly conduct in and about their premises, and in case of any disturbance of the peace shall immediately give notice to the nearest sheriff, constable, officer of police of such disturbance, and call upon such officer to interfere, whereupon it shall be the duty of such officer to remove the disorderly persons.

SEC. 6. No person shall sell, give away or dispose of any strong or spiritous liquors, wine, ale, beer or any intoxicating drinks to an apprentice or any person under twenty-one years of age, without consent given in writing, in the case of an apprentice, master or mistress—in the case of any minor, of his father, mother or guardian.

SEC. 7. No person shall sell or dispose of, and no licensed person shall suffer any person in his, her, or their employment to sell, give away or dispose of any strong or spiritulous liquors, wine, ale or beer, to the husband of any such wife, the wife of any such husband, parent of any such child, or child of any such parent, under penalty of all the fines and forfeitures of this act.

SEC. 8. All persons thus licensed shall close or shut up their bar or place of sale at or before the hour of twelve every night, on Saturday shall not open the same at all, but keep them shut until Monday. This is not designed to prevent the reception and lodging of persons traveling without violation of law.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of every constable and officer of police to arrest every and any person who shall be found intoxicated in any streets or public highway, and take him or her before any magistrate of the vicinity, and if such magistrate shall, on Sunday shall not open the same at all, but keep them shut until Monday. This is not designed to prevent the reception and lodging of persons traveling without violation of law.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of every constable and officer of police to arrest every and any person who shall be found intoxicated in any streets or public highway, and take him or her before any magistrate of the vicinity, and if such magistrate shall, on examination, deem him or her to be so much intoxicated to be fully examined, or to answer on oath correctly, the magistrate shall cause him or her to be confined until he or she becomes sober.

SEC. 14. The Board of License may, of their own motion, at any time, and shall upon a magistrate's report, summon before them any person or persons licensed as aforesaid; if upon inquiry, they shall become satisfied that such person or persons so licensed, has or have violated any provision of this act, they shall revoke, cancel and annul said license of such person, which the, are hereby empowered to do, and to procure the forfeiture forfeited; upon any such inquiry the Board of License shall have power to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses for or against the party, and examine them under oath.

SEC. 12. Every person who may and shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall for each offense be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished with a fine of not less than twenty, or more than thirty dollars, and in case of non-payment thereof, with imprisonment for not less than two days or more than thirty days, the penalty or penalties to be paid to the Treasurer of the School Board of the ward, borough or or township where the house is located.

SEC. 13. This act shall take effect from the date of its passage, except that licenses under the pre-existing laws shall hold good until the time of their expiration. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with any provisions hereof are hereby repealed, and all eneral laws not inconsistent are declared to be in full force.

We Call the Attention

Of farmers, and all who desire to settle in the West, to the advertisement of over 180,000 acres of the finest lands in Kansas. These lands are all within fifteen hours by rail of St. Louis, and comprise several thousand acres of the best timbered lands along the valley of the Kansas river. The Delaware Reserve was ceded to the Union Pacific Railway Company, Eastern Division, by treaty conditioned on the building of the railroad through them. The terms of the treaty have been complied with, and they are now for the first time offered at public sale. This is a rare opportunity for men of small means to secure homes in one of the most enterprising and growing of our trans-Mississippi States.

New Books.

THE RICH HUSBAND.—A novel. By MRS J. G. AUSTIN. Philadelphia: J. B. Peterson & Bro. For sale at Pittsburgh, by Henry Miner.

AN ORDINANCE to authorize

the Grading and Paving of Three Alleys in the Fifth Ward.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets, &c, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Herron's Alley, saw Mill Alley, Garden Alley, and Jackson Street from Pasture Lane to Thomas street, in the Fifth ward thereof with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, as individuals.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby assessed a tax which shall be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said alleys and street respectively, in proportion to the number of them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That upon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the City Regulator to ascertain and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said alleys and street respectively, as herein before directed and indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to provisions of the act of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the 20th day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 4th day of March Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACPHERSON,
Clerk of Select Council.

WILLIAM R. RIDDLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh22:td

AN ORDINANCE fixing the sal-

aries of Day Police and Night Watchmen.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the salaries of Policemen of the Night Watch be increased twenty-five cents per night, to take same in full effect from and after the 1st day of April, 1867.

SEC. 2. That the salary of the Captain of the Night Watch be increased $62 25 per annum, and that the salary of the Chief of Police be increased one hundred dollars per annum, and that the same be and is hereby fixed at $900 per annum, each; and that the salaries of Lieutenants be increased to two dollars per day —each to date from the first day of March 1867.

SEC. 3. That all Ordinances or parts of Ordinances as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this fourteenth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACPHERSON,
Clerk of Select Council.

WILLIAM R. RIDDLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh22:td

AN ORDINANCE Fixing the

Salaries of Weigh Masters.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same,* That the salaries of the Weigh Masters shall be fixed at $900 per annum, each, to date from the 1st day of April, 1867.

SEC. 2. That all Ordinances, or parts of Ordinances inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this, the 18th day of March, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: D. MACPHERSON,
Clerk of Select Council.

WILLIAM R. RIDDLE,
President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. mh22:td&6

LEUCORRHŒA AND

Female Weakness.

A physician of twenty-five years experience offers a valuable and powerful remedy, for the above named complaints.

It is a compound discovered by the celebrated BERZELIUS, and may be relied upon with confidence to be greater than that of any remedy now known.

The prescription, with full directions for use, will be sent by mail to any one enclosing 50 cents to DR. JAMES HILTON,
m22:w8 Station D, White House, New York.

OHIO FARM FOR SALE.—Situ-

ated in Muskingum county, 2½ miles from Newcomerstown, Central Ohio Railroad, 150 acres, rich limestone soil, with choice good timber; two frame houses and all necessary buildings, one year's cropping of over one hundred apple, 120 pear, 100 peach, 75 quince, plum and cherry trees; grapes, &c. Being desirously convenient to Old School, United, Reformed and Episcopal Presbyterian, Baptist and Methodist conference, only $40 per acre. Address H. HELLER, Norwich, Muskingum co., Ohio. mh12:w8

PITTSBURGH NURSERY AND

OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.—JOHN H. & A. MAHON & SON, Proprietors, (Successors to Hardoch, Jr.,) NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Grape Vines and Greenhouse Plants.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Passenger Cars run to the Greenhouses every fifteen minutes.

mh20:d&w6

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—

Just received,
200 boxes, 40 lbs., Pearl starch;
20 " 40 lb., do.
150 " Corn do.
20 " Silver Gloss Starch.

For sale low to the trade by the agents.

SCHOAKER & LANG,
fe21:109 172 and 174 Wood street,

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.]

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 6-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO., Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.
ma14:tf

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 23, 1867.

The following are the New York stock quotations for to-day: Gold, 134½; 1881, bonds, 109; Five Twenties, old, 109½; Five Twenties, '65, 107½; do new, 107; Seven Thirties, 105⅝. Michigan Southern Railroad, 75⅝; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 78⅝; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 96; Erie, 58⅝; Chicago and Northwestern, 36; do preferred, 63⅝; New York Central, 106; Chicago and Rock Island, 97.

—Reports from various parts of the country continue to exhibit general business as exceedingly stagnant and unprofitable. Embarrassments press upon merchants and customers, mill-owners and work people. On neither side are these difficulties stimulated—they are real; and, what is worse, are likely to press with increased severity before permanent alleviation shall be obtained. The fact is, all kinds of business is in a state of transition. As in a fever of the body, this malady will run its course.

—The Western money centres are generally quiet, and we have no new features to chronicle. Exchange is still everywhere in favor of New York, and every appearance indicates a steady flow of currency from that region to that city for some time to come. The general desire for money, however, is somewhat high, averaging from nine per cent. per annum to one and a half per cent a month.

—The New York *Times* says, on the authority of a Chicago journal, that a speculative mania in breadstuffs and provisions is at work in the West, some of the signs of which have been visible in New York city during the last few days. A movement of this kind has begun at the great grain centres of the West, and will not be long confined to those points and that city of New York, but will soon extend to the other Atlantic ports, and thence all over the country, to the great prejudice of consumers everywhere. How much this speculation is favored by "accommodations at bank," we of course cannot know positively, but there is good reason to believe that the quotations in the daily reports of the flour and produce markets, of "upward movements" and "upward tendencies" are not wholly free from and afforded by the banks. Indeed, we are informed that the banks only lend money to speculators to put up prices and to hold them up until scarcely forces can be found to come to the help of consumers to pay them but that bank officers are, in some instances, engaged as partners in the transactions. This is not only a most corrupt abuse of the privilege of banking as against the people who have conceded the right to them to bank, but it is most dangerous to the solvency of the institutions that is so employed their means. There have been several bank wrecks recently, all of which can be traced more or less directly to this cause. None of them, so far, have been from speculations in breadstuffs, but if what is now reported is true, the next that occurs may trace its parentage to that cause, and in that case will command little public sympathy, and will do more than almost anything else to attach odium to the system. As manifestations are unnatural, and contrary to all past experience, we refer to a comparison of present prices with those current at the beginning of last year, as presented by a New York cotemporary. It is seen that they have advanced on an average about thirty-five per cent. In the same time, the staple beef and pork have declined twenty per cent, and groceries about ten per cent. A comparison of prices of March, 1866, with those of March, 1865—when the war terminated—exhibited no material change. The manner in which prices have thus kept up strongly contrary to the usual decline that has followed the termination of the war of 1812. On Saturday, the day upon which peace was announced sugar sold at 25c per pound—weight on the following Monday it was freely offered at $12.50 per hundred weight. Tea fell from $2.25 to $1 per pound. In that article specie is now at a premium of 50 per cent premium; on the next Monday at two per cent. Governments, six per cent, rose in one day from seventy-six to eighty-six, and have since advanced ten per cent. A careful comparison of present market prices with those on like occasions in the past, will convince any one conversant with markets than they now have, leads us naturally to the conclusion that the speculations in certain commodities are to a large extent, wrongly fostered by improper banking.—*Phila. Ledger.*

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 23, 1867.

The produce markets have been rather more active during the past week, and with an improved demand for some articles for home consumption as well as for shipment and on speculation, a firmer feeling has been developed, and, generally speaking, prices are higher.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat is in demand, and in limited supply; sales of 200 bushels choice spring, at $2.90. Oats firm, with a good demand; sale of 1 car at 58, also, small sales at 55 to 57. Corn is firm, and we now quote at 75 for prime Ear, and 78 to 80 for shelled. Barley is in demand; Spring is selling at $1 and Fall at $1.10. Rye reported; there is a good demand at $1.35.

FLOUR—Is firm, with a fair local demand, and a steady jobbing trade. We now quote as follows: Spring Wheat; $13.50 to $14.50 for Winter wheat; and $6 to $7 for fancy brands. Rye flour is quoted at $7.25 to $7.50.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm with a steady jobbing demand at 10 to 10½ for Shoulders; 11½ to 12 for Ribbed Sides; and 13½ to 15 for Sugar Cured Hams. Prime kettle rendered lard is quoted at 15. Sales of Mess Pork at $23.

SEEDS—Sales of Clover at $8.50, and Timothy at $3 to $3.25. Flaxseed is wanted at $2.75.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand for prime Roll, and we can report sales at 33 to 35, and choice, in small packages, at 36 to 38.

EGGS—Supply somewhat in excess of the demand, and prices are barely maintained at 20 to 21.

ASHES—Steady, with sales at 9¾ for common Soda; 9¾ for Refined do; 10½ for Pearls; and 11½ for Pearls.

PIG LEAD—Sales of 1 car at 8c.

POTATOES—The demand seems to be improving, though prices remain unchanged—selling at 75 to 80 per bushel, and $2.50 to $2.75 per bbl.

GREEN APPLES—Quiet and unchanged—sales at $3.50 to $4.50 per barrel, for fair to choice.

MAPLE MOLASSES—Sales reported at $1.75 to $2 for gallon jugs—mostly at $1.75.

HAY—Prime bales of Hay is in demand and sells on wharf and truck at $25.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, March 23, 1867.

CRUDE—The market for Crude, to use a common phrase among oil men, was a little "foolish" to-day, compared with yesterday, and holders were not so confident of establishing another advance, and buyers were not very numerous, and the transactions reported was the 1,000 barrels for April, at 6¾, quotations may be fairly given at 6¾ on spot, and 6¾ to 7 for April and May. Offers made for all the year, buyer's option, at 8¾, and offers to sell at 9¼ to 10. As always is the case when there is a sudden lull in the market, and more particularly when it occurs on a Saturday, operators make but little effort to do anything preferring rather to hold off until Monday, and await private advices from the East and other points. Telegrams from Oil City report the market a little excited there, and an advance of from 15 to 20 cents per barrel is quoted.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was very quiet to-day but firm, notwithstanding there was not a single reported. We understand, however, that there are lots to buy prime light straw to white, on the spot, at 25 @28, and standard white at 27, delivered in Philadelphia, but there are no lots in this market at present at these figures. Standard white could doubtless be sold for April at 28, and for late summer shipment 29 to 30 would be paid. We also reported that the Philadelphia operator who sold "short" pretty largely the other day, instead of being concerned himself, may "cover" somebody else, as the market has taken a turn in his favor. For free oil, the demand is light, being restricted almost entirely to supplying the immediate wants of the local trade.

Total Receipts for the week..... 8681
Total Receipts last week..... 23,998
Total Receipts since Jan. 1..... 125,503

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The market for cotton goods is moderately active and prices steady all round. Print cloths unchanged and steady. Atlantic sheetings sell at 21½c. Atlantic, Pacific, A & H., and Indian Head, at 21c; Medford, 19½c; Boyd, 19c; Peerless, 19½c; Pepperell, 19½c; Lawrence, 18c; fine, 17½c; do, N, fine, 16c, and Shannon and Laconia, 15c. Bleached muslins unchanged; Wamsutta selle readily at 32½c; Lonsdale, linen finish, 30c; Lonsdale and Hill Androscoggin, 25c; Arkwright water twist, 28c; Clinton, C. C. C., 21½c; Langdon, 20c; do, 18½c; Loops, 20c; Greene, 15½c, and Canoe, 16c. Prints are active; 17@18c for Merimac madders; 20c for fracks and fracks on common and fine cloths; 17@17½c for Sprague's fancies; 18c for purples and greys; 19c for Gamer & Co.'s fine cloth; 18c for gloucester fancies; 19@20 for do purples; 18@19½c for dark and light Warkegan; Arnold's, 18c, and Harvey's, 9½c. Ginghams—Glasgow, 21c, and Roanoke, 16c. Delaines are in steady request; 25c for Amuse; 30c for Cashmere, and Effects, 28c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., March 23.—1 car bulk meal, W H Hays & Son; 900 bbls flour, owner; 100 do do, J S Duworth & co; 1 car pig lead, J H Gandfield & son; 15 tes hams, Haworth, McDonald & co; 1 car corn, Gockenheimer & Bro; 20 pigs lead, Hussey & co; 4 bbls oil, W J Townsend; 100 hides, J H Ralston; 1 car staves, Rayn & Robertson; 1 car iron, Park, Bro & co; 2 do do, Anderson, Cook & co; lot shafts, etc, etc. Tube Ware & co; 150 box glass, Fred Pearson; 100 bbls coffee, J Baker; 100 bbls flour, Gregg & Clendening; 50 bbls liquor, J Adler & co; 9 cars metal, Nimick & co; 150 bbls flour, Jas Gardiner; 100 do do, C B Lesgh; 2 boxmoup, F Braun; 7 kgs butter, L H Voigt & co; 1 bbl do, Sh iver, Spencer & co; 2 do beans, Sturgeon & aro; 1 pkg tobacco, Little & Mechling; 9 bags timothy seed, R Robertson & co; 1 keg butter, 100 dry apples, J S Dilworth & co; 70 bbls forks and hoes, Joseph Woodwell, 20 bags oats, Newcomer, Moss & co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, March 23.—26 bdls broom handles, Voigt & co; 25 bxs cheese, Kirkpatrick & Herron; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 3 cars oats, Hay & Speer & Hall; 197 do do, Speer & Hall; 197 bbls pipe, 34 chimney tops, H H Collins; 6 bbls eggs, 2 pkgs bacon, Cook, Bro & co; 1 car hay, John Andreyg; 5 bbls seed, 2 do sundries, Graff & Reiter's pkgs bacon, H Frickerton; 12 bbls dry apples, Head & Metzgar; 200 bbls flour, Dan Wallace.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—March 22. 1 car hay, C Heiter; 20 bbls salt, S Cooper; 15 sks oats, F Wright; 1 pkge butter and eggs, J S Patterson; 4 do do, L H Voigt & co; 5 pkgs butter, J Mooney; 3 pkgs butter, Sherwell, Lee & co; 50 sks oats, Adams & Austin; 16 x butter, 3 do eggs, L S Blanchard, 50 sks rye, D Wallace; 227 sacks oats, do rye, W Bingham; 62 sks oats, 3 bbls eggs, J Copeland.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, March 22.—58 bales hay, Wm Bingham; 1 car bark, Lappe & Weise; 6 cars lumber, J C Bidwell; 21 coils rope, Marshall, Fulton & Bollman; 13 coils, do, W S Young; 1 car lumber, S M Wickersham; 18 sks bair, A E Mason.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., March 23.—1 car staves, T Merkle.

River Telegrams.

EVANSVILLE, March 24.—Weather clearing up. River has fallen three feet. Port Hist—Arrivals, Sam Orinoco to Cincinnati; Empire, Louisville to Memphis; Charmer, Cairo to Evansville; Morning Star, Louisville to Henderson; Phantom, Wabash River to Evansville; Louisiana and Sam Kirkman, New Orleans; Quitspted, to Newburg and return.

CAIRO, March 24.—The river has fallen four inches during the past twenty-four hours. From Illinois River to Cairo, rainy and dog. Business is dull. The Missionary from Chattanooga and to return arrived at 9 p. m.; Ruth, from St. Louis to New Orleans, 8 m. m. Norman, from Evansville and to Memphis, 11 p. m.; Armenia, from New Orleans to St. Louis, 12 p m.; Stonewall, from New Orleans, 1 p. m.; Jennie Lewis, 8 a. m.; Common wealth, from New Orleans to St. Louis, 9 a. m.; Jennie Lewis, from New Orleans to St. Louis, 11 a. m; Minnie, from St. Louis to Pittsburgh; Diamond and Memphis, from Memphis, 2 p. m. May flower, Evansville and to return, 3 p. m.; Glasgow, New Orleans to St. Louis, 4 p. m.

MEMPHIS, March 23.—The weather is clear and delightful. Business is dull. Freight is still on a stand. Departed—Stonewall, for Louisville; Fanny Scott, Mollie Able, and Adam Jacobs, for St. Louis; Luminary and Cumberland, for New Orleans; Alice and Minnecola, for Cincinnati; Mary Swann, for Louisville. The Minnecola took out 1,200 bales of cotton and the Alice 156 bales. Deputy-Collector, Lee, Centralia, Gleanor, and Mollie Hambleton.

Cotton steady and unchanged. Corn scarce and firm.

EVANSVILLE, IND., March 23.—The weather is cloudy and cool. The sun shone for a few minutes to-day, the first time in ten days. The river has fallen 22 inches in the last twenty-four hours. The river has fallen four feet in all.

LOUISVILLE, March 23.—Weather clear and cold; river 7½ feet on the falls, and 9½ feet in the canal.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO

MANUFACTURERS OF

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL

SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES.

MILL, MULAY, CIRCULAR, GANG AND CROSS CUT

SAW PLATES.

ELLIPTIC AND SEMI-ELLIPTIC

RAILWAY SPRINGS,

Cast Spring Steel,

Cast and German Plow Steel,

PLOW WINGS AND MOWER BARS.

SPRINGS, AXLES AND STEEL TIRE,

SICKLE, PROVEL, HOE, RAKE, FORK, TOE CALK AND TRACE CASTERS,

Cross-Bars, &c., &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water St., Pittsb'gh,

ap13:6m

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET,

Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishment in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines of Every Description,

Boilers, Oil Tanks,

Sheet Iron Work,

Railroad Castings,

Rolling Mill Castings,

Engine Castings,

Machine Castings,

General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED,

mh18:6m

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.

H. GARRISON ..... JOHN H. RICKETSON,

A. CARRISON & CO.,

(Successors to Bollman, Garrison & Co.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS

Manufacturers of

CHILLED ROLLERS, OF ALL SIZES,

From Iron, Steel, Brass, Zinc, Copper, Silver Sands, for Rolling Mill Purposes, and all kinds of Work. Also, Rolling Mill Castings, of all descriptions; Heavy Mill, Patent Double Grinder with a variety of other patterns, always on hand and fitted to order, on short notice and low Office and Warehouse,

No. 119 *Smithfield Street,*

PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE FORT PITT FOUNDRY.

CHARLES KNAP NEPHEWS

MANUFACTURERS OF

HEAVY ORDNANCE,

AND ALL KINDS OF HEAVY CASTINGS.

Special attention paid to ROLLING MILL Work, BLAST MACHINERY and RETORTS.

REFERENCES are respectfully permitted to be used at this Foundry.

Having disposed of our old stock, we are prepared, with NEW AND IMPROVED patterns, constructed under the supervision of Mr. ERASTUS WELLS, to furnish all RACHES at short notice.

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WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

RAILROAD.—On and after WEDNESDAY, January 2d, 1867, Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mail Train..... 1:20 a m	Day Express..... 9:00 a m
Fast Line..... 6:35 a m	Mail..... 9:30 a m
Wall's No. 1..... 8:30 a m	Mail Train..... 2:30 a m
Irwin No. 2..... 7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2..... 9:25 a m
Mail..... 9:30 a m	Irwin No. 2..... 4:00 p m
Wall's No. 3..... 11:30 a m	Wall's No. 3..... 6:30 p m
Allegheny Ex.. 1:20 p m	Braddock No. 1..... 5:40 p m
Braddock No. 1..... 3:50 p m	Allegheny Ex.. 6:00 p m
Wall's No. 4..... 7:00 p m	Wall's No. 4..... 10:00
Allegheny Accom'd'n 10:25 p m	Fast Line..... 10:00
and Emigrant	Johnstown Ac. 2:30

Sundays excepted.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:25 a. m., and arrive at Pittsburgh at 10:30 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:30 p. m.

The Mail Train leaves Wall's Station and Pittsburgh Express at 1:30 p. m. on Sundays, for accommodation of local passengers. The Pennsylvania R. R. Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

ja16 W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

HARDWARE.

1867. 1867.

THE PITTSBURGH, FT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., AND CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows:

DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Chicago Ex..... 2:30 a m	Chicago Ex..... 2:30 a m
Cleveland Ex.. 2:00 a m	Cleveland Ex.. 2:00 a m
Chicago Ex..... 10:00 a m	Chicago Ex..... 10:25 p m
Cl. & Wh'g. M'l. 6:00 a m	Cl. & Wh'g. M'l. 6:00 p m
Chicago Ex..... 7:00 a m	Chicago Ex..... 2:30 p m
Cleveland Ex.. 2:40 p m	Chicago Ex..... 6:30 p m
Cl. & Wh'g. Ex. 2:15 p m	Cl. & Wh'g. Ex. 6:40 p m
Chicago Ex..... 2:40 p m	Chic. Ex..... 9:30 p m
Wheeling Ac.... 5:30 p m	Wheeling Ac.... 9:30 a m

Depart from Allegheny. Arrive in Allegheny.

Leechburg Ac. 9:00 a m	Leechburg Ac. 7